TECHNICAL MANUAL

PILOT C, CE2



Series N° 16530596 to





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1 Overview

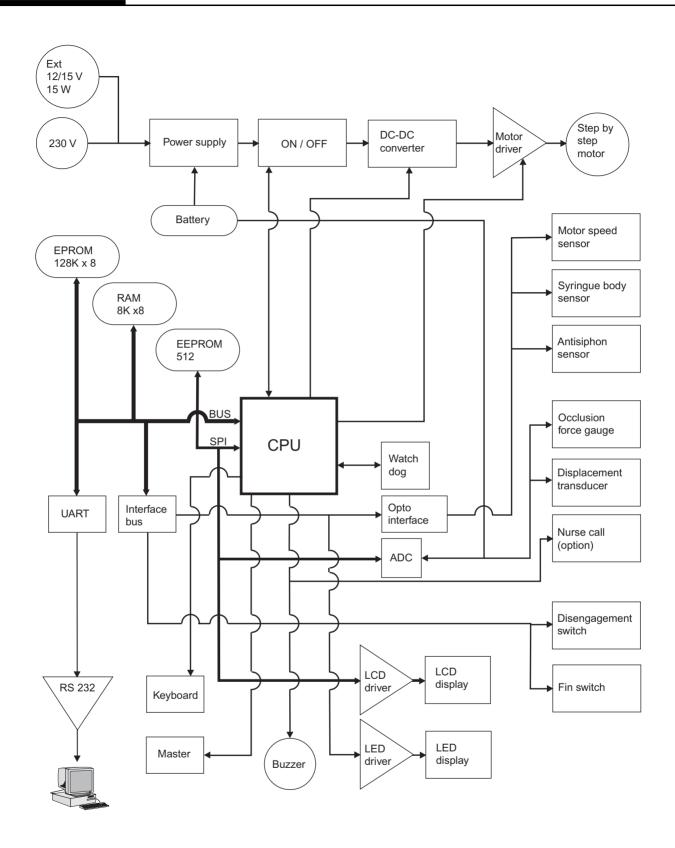
1.1 General

The **Pilot C** is a syringe pump intended for the infusion of low-flow intravenous agents with accurate control of the infusion pressure. Electronic management of the infusion pressure which is permanently displayed allows users to obtain very short occlusion detection delays. A pre-warning occlusion alarm and a pressure drop alarm detecting any possible disconnection ensure infusion continuity is maintained.

The **Pilot C**, with a flow range from 0,1 to 800 ml/hr, is the ideal instrument for intensive care and neonatology units .



1.2 Overview diagram



Overview



1.3 Precautions to be taken before use

The symbol $\angle !$ in the concise instructions guide of the device recommends that the operator's guide should be read completely in accordance with standard EN 60601-1.

Fresenius Vial may in no case be held responsible for medical problems or any other problems resulting from inadequate use of the equipment.

Refer to the User's instructions for further details.

1.4 Internal safety features

As soon as it is switched ON, the device activates a continuous function inspection system. Any internal failure or any problem related to the operating procedure in progress is detected immediately. Nevertheless, abnormal operation of the equipment with no obvious cause must always be reported to the qualified technicians in your establishment or our After Sales service.

In case of single fault condition, an alarm is activated for any flow rate deviation of \pm 5% in comparison with the normal flow rate.

A second check activates an alarm in the event of deviation of 1 ml in comparison with the anticipated infused volume, or if a flow rate deviation of \pm 20% is identified. The alarm is triggered by the most rapidly detected deviation.

The **Pilot** is fitted with an internal battery to continue operation in the event of a power cut. Furthermore, a safety fuse protects the mains from further disturbance.

1.5 Technical characteristics

1.5.1 Electrical specifications

■ Power supply: 230 V - 50-60 Hz.

■ Max. consumption: 23 VA.

■ Fuse F2: 100 mAT 250 V IEC 127.

■ Battery: 6 V - 1,2 Ah.

■ External power supply: 12 - 15 V DC -15 W.

1.5.2 Electronic specifications

The **Pilot** syringe pump is fitted with 3 circuit boards:

- Motor power supply and control board.
- CPU board.
- Keyboard display board.

1.5.3 Mechanical specifications

- Overall dimensions H x W x D: 120 x 330 x 155 mm.
- Weight: approximately 2,2 kg.

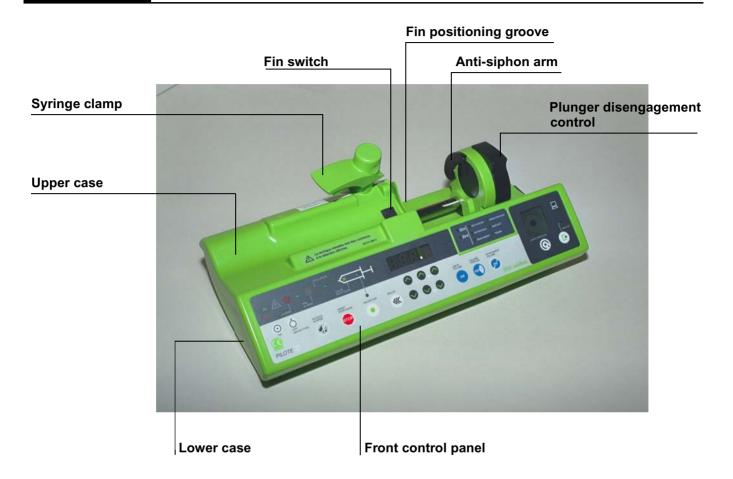


1.5.4 Conformity, standards

- In compliance with the European Directive 93/42 EEC related to Medical Equipment: CE0459.
- In compliance with the European Directive 89/336 EEC: Electromagnetic compatibility.
- Compliant with the standards EN 60601.1 and PrEN60601-2-24.
- Protection against leakage currents: CF type.
- Protection against electric shock: Class II.
- Protection against splashing liquid: IP34.

2 Description and operation

2.1 Physical description



The **Pilot C** is fitted with an upper case and a lower case.

- The upper case holds the syringe clamp and contains:
 - □ A display board associated with the front control panel.
 - □ A CPU board.
- The lower case contains:
 - ☐ A power supply board and a storage battery.
 - □ A mechanical base unit.
 - □ A plunger unit.



2.1.1 The display board and the front panel

The display board is mounted under the front control panel and is fitted with all the organs required for man-machine interaction.

- Keyboard interface.
- Control lamps and overview diagrams.
- 7-segment display units.
- LCD screen.



Solder side display board.



Component side display board.

This board is connected to the different parts of equipment by means of connectors.

J1 connector to CPU board

| Pin | Description | |
|-----|----------------------------|-----------|
| 1 | SEG1 display matrix | Line 1 |
| 2 | SEG2 display matrix | Line 2 |
| 3 | SEG3 display matrix | Line 3 |
| 4 | SEG4 display matrix | Line 4 |
| 5 | SEG5 display matrix | Line 5 |
| 6 | SEG6 display matrix | Line 6 |
| 7 | SEG7 display matrix | Line 7 |
| 8 | SEG8 display matrix | Line 8 |
| 9 | COL1 display matrix | Column 1 |
| 10 | COL2 display matrix | Column 2 |
| 11 | COL3 display matrix | Column 3 |
| 12 | diode FAIL control | Fail |
| 13 | COL/DIG 9 LED type control | " |
| 14 | LIG1 keyboard interface | Line 1 |
| 15 | LIG2 keyboard interface | Line 2 |
| 16 | LIG3 keyboard interface | Line 3 |
| 17 | LDSECT lighting control | Mains LED |
| 18 | +5V power supply | |
| 19 | VBAT power supply | |
| 20 | GND power supply | |

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J2 connector to keyboard

| Pin | Description |
|-----|------------------|
| 1 | Column 1 |
| 2 | Column 2 |
| 3 | Column 3 |
| 4 | Column 4 |
| 5 | Column 5 |
| 6 | Column 6 |
| 7 | Line 1 |
| 8 | Line 2 |
| 9 | Line 3 |
| 10 | Ton |
| 11 | Toff |
| 12 | GND power supply |

J3 connector to CPU board

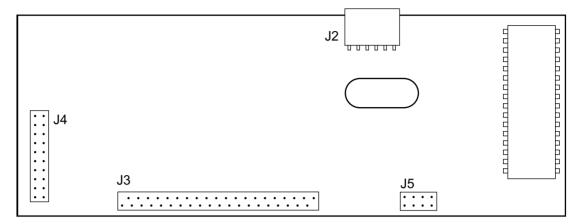
| Pin | Description |
|-----|---------------------|
| 1 | Ton ON key |
| 2 | Toff OFF key |
| 3 | SI SPI bus |
| 4 | Clk SPI bus |
| 5 | CSLCD SPI bus |
| 6 | Buzz BUZZER control |
| 7 | Vbat power supply |
| 8 | GND power supply |



2.1.2 CPU board

The CPU board holds an 80C32 microprocessor. It is mounted and connected to the display board through J4 and J5 connectors.

A ribbon cable connects this to a power supply board by means of a connector J3.



CPU board

J2 connector: to fin detection switch and syringe detection opto-electronic sensor

| Pin | Description |
|-----|--|
| 1 | Ground |
| 2 | Fin contact |
| 3 | Opto anode diode +5V |
| 4 | Common points between cathode diode , opto 1 and opto 2 transistor emitters. |
| 5 | Opto 1 transistor collector |
| 6 | Opto 2 transistor collector |

J3 connector to power supply board

| Pin | Description |
|-----|---|
| 1 | +5V controlled power supply |
| 2 | GND power supply |
| 3 | +Vbat power supply |
| 4 | GND power supply |
| 5 | Phase A motor control |
| 6 | Phase B motor control |
| 7 | Phase C motor control |
| 8 | Phase D motor control |
| 9 | I signal motor control |
| 10 | Boost signal motor control |
| 11 | Sopt1 opto rotation motor output |
| 12 | Sopt2 opto anti-siphon |
| 13 | Apinf nurse call independent of the buzzer signal |
| 14 | Cdopt1 opto rotation motor control output |
| 15 | Cdopt2 opto anti-siphon module control |
| 16 | Off signal off key pressed |
| 17 | Sect mains power supply on signal |
| 18 | Cdalim power cut signal |

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J3 connector to power supply board

| Pin | Description | |
|-----|--|--------|
| 19 | Ldsect mains LED control | |
| 20 | Cts clear to send | Line 2 |
| 21 | Deb/off disengagement signal | |
| 22 | Rts request to send | Line 2 |
| 23 | Occ/off occlusion signal | |
| 24 | Buz nurse call relay control | |
| 25 | Eoc end of adc conversion | |
| 26 | Csadc selection spi adc bus | |
| 27 | Clk clock spi adc bus | |
| 28 | Si data in spi adc bus | |
| 29 | So data out spi adc bus | |
| 30 | Cdana analogue sensor power supply control | |
| 31 | Rx2 receive data TTL | Line 2 |
| 32 | Tx2 transmit data TTL | Line 2 |
| 33 | Txd1 transmit data TTL | Line 1 |
| 34 | Rxd1 receive data TTL | Line 1 |
| 35 | Ton ON key | |
| 36 | Toff OFF key | |
| 37 | +Vbat power supply | |
| 38 | Gnd | |
| 39 | +5V | |
| 40 | Gnd | |

J4 connector to keyboard

| Pin | Description | |
|-----|----------------------------------|----------|
| 1 | Seg1 display matrix | Line 1 |
| 2 | Seg2 display matrix | Line 2 |
| 3 | Seg3 display matrix | Line 3 |
| 4 | Seg4 display matrix | Line 4 |
| 5 | Seg5 display matrix | Line 5 |
| 6 | Seg6 display matrix | Line 6 |
| 7 | Seg7 display matrix | Line 7 |
| 8 | Seg8 display matrix | Line 8 |
| 9 | Col1 display matrix and keyboard | Column 1 |
| 10 | Col2 display matrix and keyboard | Column 2 |
| 11 | Col3 display matrix and keyboard | Column 3 |
| 12 | Fail diode fail control | |
| 13 | Rdcrt current reduction control | |
| 14 | Lig1 keyboard interface | Line 1 |
| 15 | Lig2 keyboard interface | Line 2 |
| 16 | Lig3 keyboard interface | Line 3 |
| 17 | Ldsect mains LED control | |
| 18 | +5V power supply | |
| 19 | Vbat power supply | |
| 20 | GND power supply | |

Description and operati



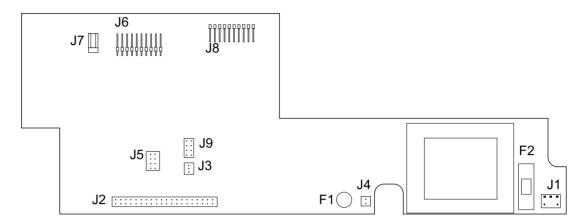
J5 connector to display board

| Pin | Description |
|-----|---------------------|
| 1 | Ton ON key |
| 2 | Toff OFF key |
| 3 | Si spi bus |
| 4 | Clk spi bus |
| 5 | Cslcd spi bus |
| 6 | Buzz buzzer control |
| 7 | Vbat power supply |
| 8 | Gnd power supply |



2.1.3 The power supply board and the battery

The power supply board is mounted on the lower case. It allows to supply the electronic parts using the network 230 V AC or the external 12 / 15 DC. It also charges the 1.1 or 1.2 Ah battery.



Power supply board.

This board is connected to the different parts of equipment by means of connectors.

J1 connector to CPU board

| Pin | Description | |
|-----|-------------|--|
| 1 | Neutral | |
| 2 | Phase | |

J2 connector to CPU board

| Pin | Description | |
|-----|--|--------------------------|
| 1 | +5V controlled power supply | |
| 2 | Gnd power supply | |
| 3 | +Vbat power supply | |
| 4 | Gnd power supply | |
| 5 | Phase A motor control | |
| 6 | Phase B motor control | |
| 7 | Phase C motor control | |
| 8 | Phase D motor control | |
| 9 | I signal motor control | |
| 10 | BOOST signal | |
| 11 | Sopt1 opto rotation module output | |
| 12 | Sopt2 opto anti-siphon module output | |
| 13 | N.U | |
| 14 | Cdopt1 opto rotation module control | 5 |
| 15 | Cdopt2 opto anti-siphon module control | atic |
| 16 | Off off key pressed on the ON/OFF button | bei |
| 17 | SECT mains supply presence signal | - 0 0 |
| 18 | CDALIM power cut signal | a |
| 19 | LDSECT mains LED control | _iö |
| 20 | CTS clear to send | escription and operation |
| 21 | DEB/OFF disengagement signal active at 0 | esc |

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J2 connector to CPU board

| Pin | Description | | |
|-----|--|--------|--|
| 22 | RTS request to send | | |
| 23 | OCC/OFF occlusion signal active at 0 | | |
| 24 | BUZ nurse call relay control | | |
| 25 | EOC end of ADC conversion | | |
| 26 | CSADC selection bus SPI ADC | | |
| 27 | CLK clock bus SPI ADC | | |
| 28 | SI data IN bus SPI ADC | | |
| 29 | SO data out bus SPI ADC | | |
| 30 | CDANA analogue sensor power supply control | | |
| 31 | RX2 receive data TTL | Line 2 | |
| 32 | TX2 transmit data TTL | Line 2 | |
| 33 | TXD1 transmit data TTL | Line 1 | |
| 34 | RXD1 receive data TTL | Line 1 | |
| 35 | Toff OFF key | | |
| 36 | Ton ON key | | |
| 37 | +Vbat power supply | | |
| 38 | Gnd | | |
| 39 | +5V | | |
| 40 | Gnd | | |

J3 connector to potentiometer

| Pin | Description | |
|-----|--------------|--|
| 1 | Vref | |
| 2 | Centre point | |
| 3 | Gnd | |

J4 connector to internal battery

| Pin | Description | |
|-----|-------------|--|
| 1 | + battery | |
| 2 | - battery | |

J5 connector to motor

| Pin | Description | |
|-----|---------------------------------------|--|
| 1 | +Vbat | |
| 2 | +Vbat | |
| 3 | Phase D | |
| 4 | Phase C | |
| 5 | Phase B | |
| 6 | Phase A | |
| 7 | Opto rotation anode diode /+5V | |
| 8 | Opto rotation cathode diode | |
| 9 | Opto rotation transistor collector | |
| 10 | GND/ opto rotation transistor emitter | |

J6 connector to RS232 and Master plugs

| Pin | Description | | |
|-----|----------------------------------|--------|--|
| 1 | TX1 transmit data | Line 1 | |
| 2 | +5V | | |
| 3 | RX1 receive data | Line 1 | |
| 4 | Gnd | | |
| 5 | Interface validation | | |
| 6 | Nurse call relay common point | | |
| 7 | Nurse call relay normally open | | |
| 8 | Nurse call relay normally closed | | |
| 9 | CD ON external on | | |
| 10 | CD OFF external off | | |
| 11 | I-OPTON motor control output | | |
| 12 | I-SECT mains led | | |
| 13 | +Vbat external power supply plug | | |
| 14 | RX2 receive data | Line 2 | |
| 15 | TX2 receive data | Line 2 | |
| 16 | Gnd | | |
| 17 | CTS | | |
| 18 | RTS | | |
| 19 | BUZ | | |
| 20 | NC | | |

J7 connector to external DC power supply

| Pin | Description |
|-----|-------------------------|
| 1 | ± external power supply |
| 2 | ± external power supply |

J8 connector to disengagement micro-switch, force sensor and anti-siphon switch

| Pin | Description |
|-----|--|
| 1 | +Vref + internal gauge bridge |
| 2 | E1 internal gauge bridge input/occlusion on |
| 3 | E2 internal gauge bridge input/occlusion off |
| 4 | Gnd – internal gauge bridge |
| 5 | Opto anti-siphon cathode diode |
| 6 | Opto anti-siphon anode diode/+5V |
| 7 | Opto anti-siphon transistor collector |
| 8 | Disengagement micro-switch on |
| 9 | Disengagement micro-switch off |
| 10 | Gnd |



Do not forget to dismount the ribbon cable holder on the power supply board before extracting the mechanical assembly from the housing (risk of breaking the ribbon cable).

Description and operation



J9 connector, test points

| Pin | Description |
|-----|---|
| 1 | GND |
| 2 | Position sensor output |
| 3 | Battery discharge control output |
| 4 | Amplified force sensor output |
| 5 | N.U |
| 6 | Motor control optical switch output |
| 7 | Force and position sensor reference voltage |
| 8 | Piston head detection optical switch output |

2.1.4 Mechanical gear box unit

The mechanical unit is composed of a motor-reducer block driving a screw-and-nut unit. At the shaft end, the motor receives a control panel associated with an opto-electronic switch.

The mechanical base unit also accommodates a potentiometer fitted with a rack pinion system.

2.1.5 Mechanical plunger unit

The mechanical plunger unit is mounted on the mechanical gear box. The gear box ensures the displacement movement of the plunger through a screw / nut system.

The plunger is fitted with a disengagement control allowing to separate this from the screwand-nut system.



2.2 Functional description

From a functional point of view, the Pilot C is composed of three sub-assemblies:

- A syringe position control and maintenance assembly.
- A motorisation assembly.
- An external connection assembly.

2.2.1 Syringe control and maintenance assembly

The syringe if fitted into the upper case and held in position by means of a syringe clamp.

Detection of the syringe size (60 cc or 20 cc) is carried out by two opto-electronic sensors mounted onto the syringe clamp.

The fin switch ensures the syringe flanges are correctly positioned in the groove.

Associated with an opto-electronic sensor, the anti-siphon arm controls the piston position.

Composed of a force sensor fitted to the plunger, an anti-occlusion system detects the force applied on the piston and triggers an alarm whenever this force is excessive.

2.2.2 Motorisation assembly

This sub-assembly moves the piston in the syringe.

It is put into motion by means of a motor-reducer unit associated with a screw-and-nut system.

A motor rotation disk mounted on the shaft end of the motor and associated with an optoelectronic sensor controls the rotation.

A potentiometer controls the plunger movement by means of a rack pinion system.

A micro-switch allows for control of the disengagement device.

2.2.3 External connection sub-assembly

The Pilot C has three connectors located at the rear end of the lower case:

- A 12-15 V DC, 15 W type external power supply connector.
- An RS 232 connector.
- A Master connector for the connection of a Master module.



3 Description of the menus

3.1 Pressure parameter configuration menu

The configuration menu enables users to adapt the **Pilot** to the specific needs of each department. It provides access to the menus allowing for customisation of the parameters associated with pressure.

Fresenius Vial recommends users to implement the selected configuration procedures in the presence of a member of its qualified personnel or a member of the technical department.



It is possible to exit the configuration mode at any time by pressing the $\Im FF$ key.

This menu enables users to:

- PrE5 1: select the occlusion alarm management mode.
- PrE52: modify the low, medium and high pressure limits.
- PrE53: modify the pressure drop detection threshold.
- Pr E 5 4: select the pressure display mode.

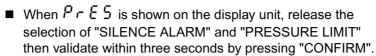
3.1.1 Menu access

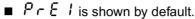
Useful keys

| Key | Function |
|--------|--|
| ON OFF | ON, is used to switch the machine ON.OFF, is used to switch the machine off and, when pressed for over three seconds, to exit the configuration mode. |
| | SILENCE ALARM, is used to access the configuration mode. |
| | PRESSURE LIMIT , associated with the "SILENCE ALARM" key, allows to access the pressure configuration mode. |
| | The selection keys allow to scroll the figures and letters on the tenths, units, tens segments etc. |
| • | CONFIRM, used to validate a choice. |
| STOP | STOP, used to cancel the current configuration. |

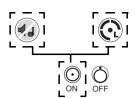
Pressure configuration mode setting.

- Press "SILENCE ALARM" and "PRESSURE LIMIT". simultaneously.
- Maintain this position while pressing "ON".





■ Switching from PrE I to PrE Y is carried out using the "tenths" keys.







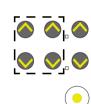
3.1.2 $P \cap E \setminus$, configuration of the occlusion alarm

This configuration enables users to select the occlusion alarm management mode.

- \blacksquare Π Π Π Π , the alarm is managed according to one of the three pressure limit values (low, medium or high).
- URr, the alarm is managed according to one single pressure limit value:
 - □ equal to the last value selected during use,
 - □ or configurable in increments of 50 mmHg (between 100 and 900 mmHg).

If [] 1U3:

- PrE I, press "CONFIRM".
 - \square Select the mode $\bigcap I \cup J$ using the keys.
 - □ Press "CONFIRM".
 - □ Select the pressure limit value 1, 2 or 3 using the keys.
 - □ Press "CONFIRM".



If UBc 1:

- Pr E I, press "CONFIRM".
 - □ Select the mode *URr I* using the keys.
 - □ Press "CONFIRM".
 - □ Select the default limit value using the keys:
 - ---: this will be equal to the last value selected,
 - or display the value to be configured by increments of 50 mmHg.
 - □ Press "CONFIRM" to memorise it.







The modification may be cancelled by pressing the "STOP" key.



It is possible to exit the configuration mode at any time by pressing the "OFF' key.





3.1.3 $P r \in \mathcal{E}$, pressure limit configuration

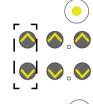
This configuration enables users to select the values from the 3 pressure limit thresholds (low, medium or high).

| Limit | Min. value | Max. value | Comments |
|--------|---------------------------|------------|---|
| Low | 50 mmHg | 300 mmHg | Common to 20 and 50 ml syringes. |
| Medium | lower limit + 100 mmHg | 800 mmHg | Common to 20 and 50 ml syringes. |
| High | medium limit +100 mmHg | 900 mmHg | Specific to each 20 and 50 ml type syringe. |



The high limit values are also used as minimum values when setting the pressure limits in URr I mode.

- Pr E 2, press "CONFIRM"
 - \Box The value of the lower limit is displayed e.g. 300.1
 - Modify its value using the "tens" keys.



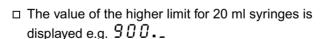
- Press "CONFIRM"
- \Box The value of the medium limit is displayed e.g. 500...
 - Modify its value using the "tens" keys.



- Press "CONFIRM".
- ☐ The value of the higher limit for 50 ml syringes is displayed e.g. 900.
 - Modify its value using the "tens" keys.



Press "CONFIRM"

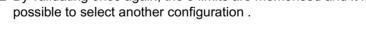


• Modify its value using the "tens" keys.



☐ By validating once again, the 3 limits are memorised and it is possible to select another configuration.









The modification may be cancelled by pressing the "STOP" key.



It is possible to exit the configuration mode at any time by pressing the "OFF" key.





3.1.4 $P \in \mathcal{E} \exists$, configuration of the pressure drop detection threshold

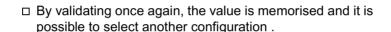


This configuration is only accessible if the occlusion alarm is managed in URr I mode.

This configuration allows for setting of the threshold used for dynamic supervision of the pressure drop. During infusion, an alarm is triggered when the pressure in the syringe exceeds this threshold and then drops back under threshold limits.

This threshold should be between 50 and 900 mmHg.

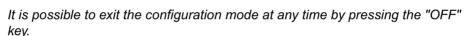
- Pr E 3, press "CONFIRM"
 - \Box The value of the threshold is displayed e.g. IDD.
 - Modify its value using the "tens" keys.







The modification may be cancelled by pressing the "STOP" key.

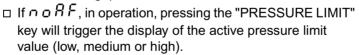




3.1.5 $P \in \mathcal{E} \setminus \mathcal{E}$, configuration of the pressure display mode

This configuration enables users to choose whether or not to alternately display the pressure in the syringe with the active pressure limit threshold.

- PrEY, press "CONFIRM"
 - □ If *RFF*, in operation, pressing the "PRESSURE LIMIT" key will trigger the display of the pressure in the syringe alternately with the active pressure limit value (low, medium or high).



- Select the display mode using the keys.
- ☐ By validating once again, the display mode is memorised and it is possible to select another configuration.







The modification may be cancelled by pressing the "STOP" key.



It is possible to exit the configuration mode at any time by pressing the "OFF" key.





3.2 Configuration menu of the current operation parameters

The configuration menu enables users to adapt the **Pilot** to the specific needs of each department. It provides access to the menus allowing for customisation of the parameters associated with current operation modes.

Fresenius Vial recommends users to implement the selected configuration procedures in the presence of a member of its qualified personnel or a member of the technical department.



It is possible to exit the configuration mode at any time by pressing the ΩFF key.

This menu enables users to:

- PRr 1: select the type of flow rate memorisation.
- PRr2: select the syringe selection mode.
- PRr 3: modify the maximum flow rates which can be selected using the keyboard.
- PBr Ч: configure the list of syringes that can be selected.
- PRr 5: select the compulsory priming.
- PRr 5: select the start-up system.
- PRr 7: select the KVO flow rate.
- PRr 9: select the RS232 communication speed.
- \blacksquare $PR \cap R$: select the empty syringe mode.
- PRrb: select the frequency of preventive checks.
- PRr [: select the drug display mode.
- PRrd: choose whether or not to activate the fin detection mode.
- \blacksquare PRrF: select the Bolus memorisation mode.
- PRrL: enter the list of drugs.
- \blacksquare PRrU: choose whether or not to activate the mains disconnection signal.

3.2.1 Menu access

Useful keys

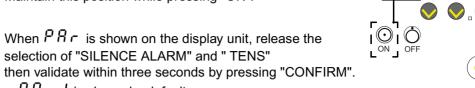
| Key | Function |
|--------|--|
| ON OFF | ON, is used to switch the machine ON.OFF, is used to switch the machine off and, when pressed for over three seconds, to exit the configuration mode. |
| | SILENCE ALARM , is used to access the configuration mode of the current operation parameters. |
| | The selection keys allow to scroll the figures and letters on the tenths, units, tens segments etc. |
| • | CONFIRM, is used to validate a choice. |
| STOP | STOP, is used to cancel the current configuration. |

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Configuration calibration and inspection

Switch to configuration mode.

- Press "SILENCE ALARM" and "TENS" simultaneously.
- Maintain this position while pressing "ON".



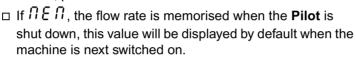
- PRr I is shown by default.
- Switching from PRr I to PRr J is carried out using the "tenths" keys.



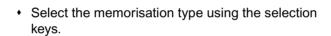
3.2.2 PBr 1, configuration of the memorisation type

This configuration enables users to choose whether or not to memorise the infusion flow rate when the **Pilot** is shut down.

■ PRr I, press "CONFIRM"



 \Box If $\cap \circ \cap E$, the flow rate is not memorised, the default value is $\bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc$ each time the machine is switched on.





 $\hfill \square$ By validating once again, the type is memorised and it is possible to select another configuration .





The modification may be cancelled by pressing the "STOP" key.



It is possible to exit the configuration mode at any time by pressing the "OFF' key.





3.2.3 PBr 2, configuration of the syringe selection type

This configuration enables users to choose the type of syringe selection.

■ PRr 2, press "CONFIRM"



- □ If 5 *E L* 3, automatic validation of the only syringe than may be selected.
- □ If 5 E L Ч, when the **Pilot** is switched on, the user should select the type of syringe installed.
 - Choose the selection type using the selection keys.



□ By validating once again, the type is memorised and it is possible to select another configuration .





When mode 5 E L 3 is selected, and if there is a choice of more than one syringe, the **Pilot** automatically moves onto the configuration of the list of syringes that may be selected **PRr** 4 when the machine is next switched on.



The modification may be cancelled by pressing the "STOP" key.



It is possible to exit the configuration mode at any time by pressing the "OFF' key.



3.2.4 PBr∃, configuration of the maximum flow rate that may be selected on the keyboard

This configuration enables users to choose the maximum flow rate that may be selected using the keyboard for each type of syringe.

| Syringe type | Min. flow rate (ml/hr) | Max. flow rate (ml/hr) |
|--------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| 50/60 cc | 0,1 | 800 |
| 20 cc | 0,1 | 400 |

■ PRr 3, press "CONFIRM"



- ☐ Select the syringe type using the keys.
 - 20 c , 20 ml.
 - 50 c, 50 ml.



□ Press "CONFIRM"



Select the maximum flow rate using the keys.



Configuration. calibration and inspectio



□ By validating once again, the type is memorised and it is possible to select another configuration .





The modification may be cancelled by pressing the "STOP" key.



It is possible to exit the configuration mode at any time by pressing the "OFF" kev.



3.2.5 PRr 4, configuration of the list of syringes that may be selected

This configuration enables users to choose whether or not it may be selected for each type of active syringe.

■ PRr Y, press "CONFIRM"



- ☐ The LED of the syringe to be configured flashes.
 - If 5EL, this type of syringe may be selected when the **Pilot** is switched on.
 - If $\sigma \circ 5 \mathcal{E}$, this type of syringe may not be selected when the **Pilot** is switched on.
- ☐ Make your choice using the keys.



- Press "CONFIRM" to memorise the modification.
 - ☐ The LED of the configured syringe is:
 - Lit up is it may be selected.
 - · Off if it may not be selected.





Details of the syringe are displayed when the "tenths" keys are pressed (see "Typical syringe/details correspondence table").





The modification may be cancelled by pressing the "STOP" key.



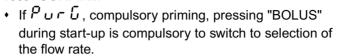
It is possible to exit the configuration mode at any time by pressing the "OFF" key.



3.2.6 PBr 5, configuration of the compulsory priming

This configuration enables users to choose whether or not priming is compulsory after selection of a syringe.

- PRr 5 is displayed.
 - □ Press "CONFIRM"



- If ¬ □ ¬ □ ¬ u, priming is not compulsory, the flow rate may be selected upon start-up straight after validation of the syringe.
- □ Make your choice using the keys.



□ By validating once again, the type is memorised and it is possible to select another configuration .





The modification may be cancelled by pressing the "STOP" key.



It is possible to exit the configuration mode at any time by pressing the "OFF" key.



3.2.7 $PRr\delta$, configuration of the rapid infusion start-up

This configuration enables users to choose whether or not to activate the rapid infusion startup system.

- PRr 5, press "CONFIRM"
 - □ If 5 ₺ 8 r, rapid infusion start-up activated, when the flow rate is low, the plunger moves quicker upon infusion start-up until it comes into contact with the syringe piston. This fast movement is controlled by the force sensor and is limited in distance.
 - □ If ¬ o 5 ₺, no rapid start-up, the infusion always starts with the flow rate selected even if this is low.
 - Make your choice using the keys.



☐ By validating once again, the type is memorised and it is possible to select another configuration .





The modification may be cancelled by pressing the "STOP" key.



It is possible to exit the configuration mode at any time by pressing the "OFF" key.



Configuration, calibration and inspection

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3.2.8 PBr 7, configuration of the KVO flow rate

This configuration enables users to choose whether or not to activate the switching to KVO flow rate.

■ PRr 7, press "CONFIRM"



- ☐ If ► UŪ, KVO flow activated, the infusion continues at 1,0 ml/hr (or at the same flow rate if this is under 1,0 ml/hr) when the volume infused reaches the limit volume.
- □ If ¬ □ ⊢ U, no KVO flow, infusion stops with a limit volume alarm when the infused volume reaches the limit volume.
- □ Make your choice using the keys.



□ By validating once again, the type is memorised and it is possible to select another configuration .





The modification may be cancelled by pressing the "STOP" key.



It is possible to exit the configuration mode at any time by pressing the "OFF" key.



3.2.9 PRrS, configuration of the RS232 communication speed

This configuration enables the user to select the communication speed of the RS232 link.

- PRr 9, press "CONFIRM"
 - \square If $19 \vdash 2$, speed at 19200 Bauds.
 - □ If ISF 2, speed at 9600 Bauds.
 - □ If Ч800, speed at 4800 Bauds.
 - ☐ Make your choice using the keys.



□ By validating once again, the type is memorised and it is possible to select another configuration .



The modification may be cancelled by pressing the "STOP" key.



It is possible to exit the configuration mode at any time by pressing the "OFF' key.





3.2.10 $PR \cap R$, configuration of the empty syringe mode

This configuration enables users to select a type of operation for the instrument using the empty syringe mode.

■ PRrR, press "CONFIRM"



- □ If 5 *U I d*, empty syringe mode activated.
- □ If 5 *U* 1 *d*, empty syringe mode deactivated.

□ Make your choice using the keys.



□ By validating once again, the type is memorised and it is possible to select another configuration .





The modification may be cancelled by pressing the "STOP" key.



It is possible to exit the configuration mode at any time by pressing the "OFF" key.



3.2.11 PB r b, configuration of the frequency of preventive checks

This configuration enables users to select the maintenance frequency which lies between 1 and 9999 hours.

■ PRrb, press "CONFIRM"

☐ The current value is displayed.



☐ Display the new frequency value using the keys.



☐ By validating once again, the type is memorised and it is possible to select another configuration .





The modification may be cancelled by pressing the "STOP" key.



It is possible to exit the configuration mode at any time by pressing the "OFF" key.





3.2.12 $PB \in \mathcal{L}$, configuration of the drug display mode

This configuration enables users to choose whether or not to display the first four letters of the name of the drug used.

■ PRr [, press "CONFIRM"



- □ If dr U Ū, display activated, after validation of the syringe type, the operator should select the name of the drug used out of the choice of 15 names.
- □ If ¬ □ □ d ¬ , display deactivated, the **Pilot** does not offer a choice of drug names.
- □ Make your choice using the keys.



 $\hfill \square$ By validating once again, the type is memorised and it is possible to select another configuration .





If The modification may be cancelled by pressing the "STOP" key.



It is possible to exit the configuration mode at any time by pressing the "OFF' key.



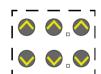
3.2.13 $PR \cap d$, configuration of the fin detection mode

This configuration enables users to choose whether or not to activate the fin position check.

■ PRrd, press "CONFIRM"



- \Box If $B \cap L E$, detection activated, inappropriate positioning of the fin is signalled by means of an alarm.
- \Box If $\sigma \circ R L$, no detection, the inappropriate positioning of the fin is not checked.
- ☐ Make your choice using the keys.



 $\hfill \square$ By validating once again, the type is memorised and it is possible to select another configuration .



The modification may be cancelled by pressing the "STOP" key.



It is possible to exit the configuration mode at any time by pressing the "OFF' key.





3.2.14 PRrF, configuration of the bolus flow memorisation mode

This configuration enables users to select the bolus flow memorisation mode.

■ PRrF, press "CONFIRM"



- \Box If $\Pi E \Pi$, bolus memorised, upon start-up of the **Pilot**, the bolus flow given corresponds to the last selected.
- \square Si $\cap \circ \cap E$, bolus not memorised, upon start-up of the **Pilot**, the bolus flow given is that defined by default.
- ☐ Make your choice using the keys.





If the "not memorised" mode is selected, the bolus default value must be defined.

- □ If the none is selected, the 50 cc LED lights up and the bolus flow is displayed.
 - Using the keys, enter the bolus value to be defined by default for a 50 cc syringe.



· Press "CONFIRM" to memorise it



- $\hfill\Box$ The 20 cc LED lights up and the bolus flow is displayed.
 - Using the keys, enter the bolus value to be defined by default for a 20 cc syringe.



☐ By validating once again, the type is memorised and it is possible to select another configuration .





The modification may be cancelled by pressing the "STOP" key.



It is possible to exit the configuration mode at any time by pressing the "OFF" key.





3.2.15 $PRr \mathcal{L}$, configuration of the drugs list

This configuration enables users to enter the list of drugs that may be used by the Pilot.

■ PRr 5, press "CONFIRM"



- ☐ The first four letters of the drug name are displayed.
 - · The first letter flashes.
 - Modify the first letter using the "tens" or "units" keys.



□ Press "CONFIRM" to memorise it and move onto the next letter



- □ When the last letter is validated, the next drug is displayed.
- \Box To validate the one or several modification(s), the entire list of drugs must be scrolled. When the last drug is validated, the PRrD menu is displayed.



The modification may be cancelled by pressing the "STOP" key.



It is possible to exit the configuration mode at any time by pressing the "OFF' key.



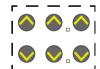
3.2.16 PRrJ, configuration of the mains disconnection signal

This configuration enables users to choose whether or not to activate the power cut detection beep.

■ PRr J, press "CONFIRM"



- □ If 5 E L . E, detection activated, a power cut is signalled by a beep.
- \Box If $\cap \circ \circ \circ \iota \in A$, no detection.
- □ Make your choice using the keys.



☐ By validating once again, the type is memorised and it is possible to select another configuration .



The modification may be cancelled by pressing the "STOP" key.





It is possible to exit the configuration mode at any time by pressing the "OFF" key.



3.2.17 Typical syringe/details correspondence table

| Brand | Capacity (ml) | Details |
|-----------------------|---------------|---------|
| BD Perfusion | 50 | BPf |
| BD Plastipak | 50 | BDk |
| BD Plastipak | 20 | BDk |
| Braun Omnifix | 50 | BrO |
| Braun Omnifix | 20 | BrO |
| Braun Perfusor | 50 | BrP |
| Braun Perfusor | 20 | BrP |
| Didactic Line France | 50 | DiL |
| Didactic Perfusion | 50 | DiP |
| Dispomed Spritze | 50 | Dis |
| Fresenius Injectomat | 50 | Frl |
| Fresenius P Spritze | 50 | FrP |
| Ivac | 50 | IVa |
| Map Gliss L L | 50 | MLL |
| Map Pic L L (Indolor) | 50 | MPL |
| Sherwood Monoject | 50 | SMJ |
| Sherwood Monoject | 20 | SMJ |
| Terumo | 50 | Trm |
| Terumo | 20 | Trm |
| Tutoject type T | 50 | TJT |



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3.3 Calibration menu



The calibration menu is reserved for authorised personnel only, its access is protected by a secret code.

To determine the operation mode of the different calibrations, refer to the "Calibrations" chapter

This menu allows for calibration:

■ E E R Y: three levels of battery voltage alarms.

■ E E R B : displacement potentiometer.

■ E Ł R B : force sensor.



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3.4 ASS test menu

The ASS test menu is reserved for authorised personnel only. It enables users to perform a series of **Pilot** inspections to validate its efficient operation (see **"Checks"**chapter). This must be carried out each time parts are replaced.



The ASS tests may also be performed more easily and more quickly using a PC with installed maintenance software (consult our After Sales Service).

The ASS test menu enables users to perform a series of 17 tests or checks:

- *と* 5 *と* 1: Display of the running time and the maintenance date.
- £ 5 ₺ 2: Indicator lights test.
- £5 £ 3: Keyboard test.
- £5 £ 4: Display of the battery voltage.
- £ 5 £ 5: Display of the codes of the last 10 alarms.
- **•** $\xi \in \mathcal{S}$: Display of the total running time.
- £5 ₺ 7: TTL serial link test.
- £5 £8: RS 232 serial link test.
- *Ł* 5 *Ł* 9: Display of the piston force.
- *Ł* 5 *Ł R* : Display of the software version.
- £5 £ b : Display of the analogue input.
- $\xi 5 \xi \xi$: Display of the plunger position.
- と 5 と d : Buzzer test.
- *Ł* 5 *Ł E* : Display of the calibration values.
- **\blacksquare** $\xi \ \xi \ \xi$: Display of the syringe type.
- **EXECUTE:** List $\mathcal{E} \in \mathcal{E}$: Display of the syringe group.
- Ł 5 Ł H: Display of the list of syringes.



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4 Preventive maintenance

4.1 Recommendations

The **Pilot** syringe pump can only be inspected, serviced or repaired by **Fresenius Vial** or by an authorised and appointed service. The qualified technicians in your establishment and our After Sales Service should be notified of any abnormal operation of the device.

If a repair is necessary, send the instrument in its original packaging if possible with a precise description of the observed fault, to the official dealer for **Fresenius Vial**.

For further information concerning troubleshooting or the usage procedure, please contact our After Sales Service or our Sales Department.

Fresenius Vial is not liable for loss or damage to the equipment during transport to our After Sales Service.

4.2 Maintenance schedule

4.2.1 Use beyond the framework of the departmental order

| Frequency | Name |
|-----------|---|
| 12 months | Carry out a servicing inspection. |
| 3 years | Replace the battery (see "Battery-holder and battery" operation sheet). |

4.2.2 Use within the framework of the departmental order

When the equipment is used within the framework of the departmental order of October 3 1995, inspections are performed on a less frequent basis. This is due to the fact that the equipment is inspected before each use.

| Frequency | Name |
|---|---|
| 1 st inspection in the 3 rd year | Perform the first servicing inspection. |
| Then every 2 years | Perform a servicing inspection. |
| 3 years | Replace the battery (see "Battery-holder and battery" operation sheet). |





4.3 Checks

In order to perform equipment follow-up by means of preventive maintenance, a regular servicing inspection is recommended every 12 months (see "Regular servicing sheet").



To ensure the check procedure is carried out efficiently, recharge the battery beforehand (16 hours).

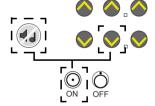
4.3.1 Test access

Keyboard description

| Key | Function |
|--------|---|
| ON OFF | ON, is used to switch the machine ON.OFF, is used to switch the machine off when pressed for over three seconds. |
| | SILENCE ALARM, to access the test mode. |
| STOP | STOP, to cancel the test in progress. |
| | CONFIRM, to validate a choice. |
| | "PRESSURE LIMIT", backpressure test. |
| | The selection keys allow to scroll the figures and letters on the tenths, units, tens segments etc. |

Activate the ASS test

- Press "SILENCE ALARM" and "UNITS" keys simultaneously.
- Maintain this position while pressing "ON".



- When £ 5 ₺ is displayed on screen, release selection of the "SILENCE ALARM" and "UNITS" keys, then validate within three seconds by pressing the "CONFIRM" key.
- By default, the equipment starts with test n°1 ₺ 5 ₺ . /
- By using the selection keys "+ or -",scroll the different tests on the display unit.





4.3.2 Visual check

Check the general appearance of the case and labels, and check for any traces of shock.

Preventive maintenance

This test allows for display of the **Pilot** running time since its last servicing inspection. It also allows for display and modification of the "last" servicing inspection date.
When the servicing

inspection date is

modified, the

reset.

running time is

4.3.3 Running time and servicing inspection date

- £5 £ 1, press the "CONFIRM" key.
 - □ If ענע ⊢ : number of hours of use, 999 hours max.
 - □ If ישור ער ער ווי: number of days of use, 999 days max.

 - □ If £ ← C is displayed alternately, the result exceeds the max. servicing frequency memorised (see "PArb, configuration of the frequency of preventive checks"): carry out preventive maintenance procedures.
 - By keeping the "tenths" keys pressed down, the number of times the equipment has been switched on is displayed.



- Press "CONFIRM" again to display the date of the last servicing inspection.

 - □ Validate once again,
 - • • nonth of the servicing inspection date.
 - □ By validating once again,
 - עבער, year of the servicing inspection date.



Each time this information is read, the month, day and year of the servicing inspection date may be modified by using the tens and units "- and +" keys. This date will be stored in the EEPROM and the running time will be reset.



□ By validating once again, a different test may be selected.





This test checks the efficiency of

lamps, the display

units and the front

panel LCD screen.

the indicator

The test may be stopped at any time by pressing the "STOP" key, and a different test may be selected.



4.3.4 Indicator lights check

- £5£.2, press "CONFIRM".
 - □ All LEDS, 7-segment display units and pressure LCD are ON.
 - □ By validating once again,
 - The LEDS and display units are scrolled one by one from left to right. (display of the LEDS, 7-segment display unit by segment and then by sets of 8, LCD pressure display unit with 10 arrow positions as well as the symbols).

The text is OK if all indicator lamps are lit up.



The test may be stopped at any time by pressing the "STOP" key, and a different test may be selected.





4.3.5 Keyboard check

This test allows to check that all keyboard keys function correctly.

- £5£.3, press "CONFIRM".
 - $\hfill\Box$ The message $\hfill\Box$ L \hfill is displayed.
 - ☐ Keep each key pressed down, one by one,
 - Check the name of the key displayed on the display unit.

The name of each key is displayed as follows:

| Display | Selected key |
|---------|----------------|
| 5 IR.L | SILENCE ALARM |
| StoP | STOP |
| URL | CONFIRM |
| porn | BOLUS |
| 5 | + tens |
| 5 | + units |
| 5 | + tenths |
| 5 | - tens |
| 5 | - units |
| 5 | - tenths |
| UL IN | LIMIT VOLUME |
| UPEr | VOLUME INFUSED |
| U O E F | CLEAR VOLUME |
| Pr & S | PRESSURE |
| NASE | MASTER |



If two or more keys are held down simultaneously, the display unit will show $\mathcal{E} r r$ and a sound alert will ring out "beep!beep!beep!" indicating an error.

The "OFF" key is not included in the keyboard check.



The test may be interrupted at any time by pressing the "CONFIRM" key for over three seconds, and a different test may be selected.



If the display is faulty, replace the display board (see "Display unit and central unit boards" operation sheet).



4.3.6 Battery voltage check

This test allows for display of the battery voltage in Volts and in tenths of a Volt.

■ £5£.4, press "CONFIRM".

☐ The voltage is displayed in Volts.



□ By validating again, a different test may be selected.





The test may be stopped at any time by pressing the "STOP" key, and a different test may be selected.



4.3.7 Checking the last 10 alarms

This test allows for code display of the last 10 alarms triggered on the **Pilot**.

■ £5£.5, press "CONFIRM".





 \Box Press the keys to display the following codes from ... to



□ By validating again, a different test may be selected.





The test may be stopped at any time by pressing the "STOP" key, and a different test may be selected.



Meaning of the codes:

| Alarm | Description | Error | Description |
|-------|--------------------------|-------|---|
| A10 | Battery alarm | E50 | ADC access auto-test error. |
| A11 | Syringe support alarm | E60 | Error concerning checking of syringe parameter coherence (incoherence of the syringe diameter in relation to the motor step for 0,1 ml calculated at the time of syringe validation). |
| A12 | End of infusion alarm | E70 | Error concerning motor frequency anomaly (motor step period calculated in relation to the syringe diameter and the flow rate selected which is either too low or too high). |
| A13 | Limit volume alarm | E80 | Error concerning keypad fault or high electromagnetic interference. |
| A14 | Disengagement alarm | E01 | Error concerning rotation check. |
| A15 | Piston head alarm | E32 | Error concerning segment advance check |
| A16 | Occlusion alarm | E52 | Error concerning advance check during take-up. |
| A17 | Fin alarm | E72 | Error concerning advance over the whole length. |
| | | E03 | Error concerning communication |

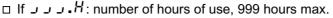
- Errors 10, 20,30 and 40 cannot be stored in the EEPROM.
- If the pilot switches off normally, the ΩFF message is displayed.
- If the Pilot switches off due to a malfunction, the $\mathcal{D}FF$ message is displayed with a flashing F.

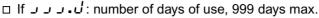


4.3.8 Total running time check

This test enables users to display the total running time of the **Pilot**. It is not possible to modify this time manually.

■ £5£.6, press "CONFIRM".





□ If ענענו: number of months, 999 months max. (average duration of one month considered as 30 days).

 By keeping the "tenths" key pressed down, the number of times the device has been switched on is displayed.



☐ By validating once again, a different test may be selected.





The test may be interrupted at any time by pressing the "STOP" key, and a different test may be selected.



4.3.9 TTL serial link test

This test enables users to check the efficiency of the TTL (80C32) serial link.

To perform this test, use plug on which lines Rx and Tx are short-circuited (2 and 3).

■ £5£7, press "CONFIRM".



□ *L b* is displayed at the start of the test.

 If L E F is displayed, the test is not successful, otherwise, the test is successful.

□ By validating once again, a different test may be selected.





The test may be interrupted at any time by pressing the "STOP" key, and a different test may be selected.



It is impossible to carry out this test when the PC is in communication with the Pilot. In this case, "OPEN" is displayed.

4.3.10 RS 232 serial link check

This test enables users to check the efficiency of the RS 232 (2691) serial link.

To perform this test, use a plug on which lines Rx and Tx, RTS and CTS are short-circuited (2 and 3, 7 and 8).

■ £5 £8, press "CONFIRM".



- \square $\bigcap o \cup B$ is displayed if the UART is missing, in this case the test cannot be carried out.
- □ RTS and CTS line operation test.
 - If the test is unsuccessful, $\Omega \circ \Gamma \subset \Gamma$ is displayed, in which case the test cannot be continued.
- □ L r is displayed.
 - If $L \cap E \cap$ is displayed, the test is not successful, otherwise, the test is successful.
- □ By validating once again, a different test may be selected.





The test may be interrupted at any time by pressing the "STOP" key, and a different test may be selected.



It is impossible to carry out this test when the PC is in communication wit the Pilot. In this case, "OPEN" is displayed.

4.3.11 Checking the force sensor

This test enables users to display the force exerted on the piston.

■ £5£9, press "CONFIRM".



- \square \square \square \square \square \square : displayed in grams, the result must lie between 0 and 100 g.
- □ Press and release the bonding pad.
 - The result displayed must always lie between 0 and 100 g.
- □ By validating once again, a different test may be selected.



If the value is out of limits, recalibrate the force sensor (see "£ £ 8.9 Force sensor calibration.").

4.3.12 Checking the software version

Run this test to display the software version and revision numbers.

■ £5£8, press "CONFIRM".



- \square eg. U09.6 is displayed:
 - 09, software version number.
 - • 5 , revision number
- □ Press the tenths keys to display the EPROM checksum, e.g. U D [F . I.



- □ Press the other keys to display the software version index e.g. . R .
- ☐ By validating once again, a different test may be selected.





The test may be interrupted at any time by pressing the "STOP" key, and a different test may be selected.

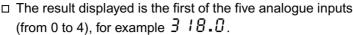


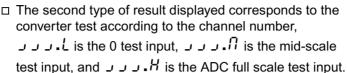


4.3.13 Checking the ADC

Run this test to read the results, in hexadecimals, of the conversion of the five analogue inputs and three test inputs of the converter.





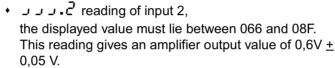


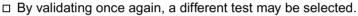




Use the "- and +"selection keys to move from one input to another.

□ Press the plus of the selected item twice:











If the value is out of limits, recalibrate the force sensor (see " $\mathcal{E} \, \mathcal{E} \, \mathcal{B} \, \mathcal{B}$ Force sensor calibration.").

4.3.14 Checking the position sensor

This test enables users to display the plunger position in mm and 10^{ths} of a mm.

- $\xi 5 \xi \cdot \xi$, using spacers ref. T300940E and T300775G,
 - □ Position the spacer ref. T300940E and press "CONFIRM".
 - in high position the display unit shows $1.15 \cdot 0 + 0.5$ mm.
 - □ Position the spacer ref. T300775G and press "CONFIRM".
 - in low position the display unit shows 20.0 ± 0.5 mm.
 - □ By validating once again, a different test may be selected.

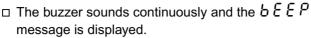


If the value is out of limits, recalibrate the position sensor (see " $\xi \ \xi \ \beta . \delta$ Position sensor calibration.").

4.3.15 Buzzer test

Run this test to check that the buzzer is working.

■ $\xi \, 5 \, \xi \, \cdot d$, press "CONFIRM".



□ By validating once again, a different test may be selected.



4.3.16 Display of the calibration values

Run this test to display the calibration values stored in the EEPROM.

- £5£.£, press "CONFIRM".
 - □ *b R b . I* is displayed alternately with its calibration value.
 - Press one of the tenths keys to display the number of calibrations carried out for this value



□ Press one of the unit or tenths keys to move onto another value.



| Display | Name |
|----------------|---|
| 68E.1 | Alarm and pre-alarm battery voltage 6.3 V |
| 6 <i>8</i> £.2 | Pre-alarm battery voltage 5.9 V |
| 6 <i>8</i> £.3 | Alarm battery voltage 5.7 V |
| H 16.H | Displacement potentiometer with large 115.0 mm spacer |
| Lou | Displacement potentiometer with small 20.0 mm spacer |
| 0.6 | Force sensor with 0 kg |
| 5 Ł. G | Force sensor with 5 kg |

4.3.17 Checking the syringe clamp

This test displays the type of syringe fitted to the **Pilot**. ■ £5£.F, press "CONFIRM"

with a 50 cc and 20 cc capacity syringe.



□ Place the syringe clamp in the higher position.

The display unit shows - - - - -

- \Box Fit the 50 cc syringe. The display unit shows 50 cc
- □ Fit the 20 cc syringe. The display unit shows $∂ @ c \cdot c$
- □ Place the syringe clamp in the lower position.

The display unit shows - - - - -



□ By validating once again, a different test may be selected.





4.3.18 Checking the syringe group number

Run this test to determine for which list of syringes the instrument has been configured. ■ £5£.6, press "CONFIRM".



- □ The syringe group number configured in EEPROM is displayed, for example $\Box \Box \Box \bot$.
- □ By validating once again, a different test may be selected.



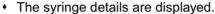
4.3.19 Checking the list of syringes

This test enables users to display the list of syringes programmed in the Pilot.

■ とうと H. press "CONFIRM".



- □ The syringe capacity is displayed and the corresponding Led lights up.
- □ Each time a kev is pressed:





- The Led corresponding to the details lights up.
- The one or several Led(s) corresponding to the capacities light(s) up.

□ Press stop to select a different test.



4.3.20 Checking the disengagement system

To carry out this operation, exit the test mode and press "OFF".





- Press "ON".
 - □ Lift the disengagement lever.
 - Check for presence of the mechanical disengagement alarm (red Led at the end of the syringe diagram).



- ☐ Fit the device with the 50 cc syringe, ensuring the fin and plunger are in position.
- □ Release the disengagement lever.
 - Ensure there is no mechanical lever release alarm.
 - Check the linear plunger locking.

4.3.21 Checking the fin detection system

To carry out this operation, exit the test mode and press "OFF".



- Press "ON".
 - ☐ Fit the device with the 50 cc syringe, ensuring the fin and plunger are in position.



- ☐ Ensure the syringe is detected appropriately eg. 50c.c.
- □ Place the syringe in the device ensuring the fin is out of the groove.
- ☐ Fit the syringe clamp and plunger correctly.
- ☐ Make sure the indicator alarm flashes, locating the problems on the syringe diagram.



4.3.22 Checking the anti-siphon arm



This check must be carried out for every syringe provided with the instrument.

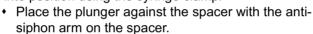
- Check the functionality.
 - ☐ Free play, without end play or disassembly of this.
- Check for alarm presence with:
 - ☐ Anti-siphon arm in the upper position.
 - ☐ Anti-siphon arm in the lower position.

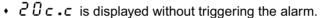
Ensure there is no alarm in presence of spacers or 20 cc and 50 cc syringes.

- Using spacers ref. T301518-A and T301519-B.
 - □ To carry out this operation, exit the test mode and press "OFF".

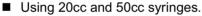


- □ Press "ON".
- □ Fit the instrument with the spacer ref T301518-A and lock it into position using the syringe clamp.





- ☐ Fit the instrument with the spacer ref T301519-A and lock it into position using the syringe clamp.
 - Place the plunger against the spacer with the antisiphon arm on the spacer.
 - 50 c c is displayed without triggering the alarm.



□ To carry out this operation, exit the test mode and press "OFF",



□ Press "ON".



- □ Fit the instrument with the 20 cc syringe and lock it into position using the syringe clamp.
 - Place the syringe plunger against the syringe with the anti-siphon arm on the syringe piston.
 - $\partial \mathcal{D} c \cdot c$ is displayed without triggering the alarm.
- ☐ Fit the instrument with the 50 cc syringe and lock it into position using the syringe clamp.
 - Place the syringe plunger against the syringe with the anti-siphon arm on the syringe piston.
 - 50 c.c is displayed without triggering the alarm.



4.3.23 Checking the backpressure

To carry out this operation, exit the test mode and press "OFF",







The instrument initialises the sensor once the plunger is disengaged. The backpressure test must be performed with zero backpressure.

- Press "ON".
 - ☐ Fit the instrument with the 50 cc syringe and lock it into position using the syringe clamp, ensuring the fin and plunger are correctly positioned.
 - □ Place the manometer (or any other pressure measurement device) at the syringe outlet.
 - □ Select a 50 ml "B-D PLASTIPAK" syringe by pressing "CONFIRM".
 - ☐ By pressing the "LIMIT PRESSURE" key, select a medium limit:
 - M (medium limit) = 500 mmHg + 75 or 0,65 bar + 0,1
 - □ Select a maximum flow rate and start the infusion by pressing the "CONFIRM" key.
 - Ensure there is no acoustic and visual alarm (backpressure Led off).
 - · Check the infusion Leds are flashing.
 - Ensure the alarm is triggered for a value of 500 mmHg + 75 or 0,65 bar + 0,1 bar.
 - □ Stop the infusion cycle by pressing the "STOP INFUSION" key.
 - □ Repeat this test selecting a higher limit by pressing the "LIMIT PRESSURE" key.:
 - H (high limit) = 900 mmHg \pm 150 or 1,2 bar \pm 0,2 bar.











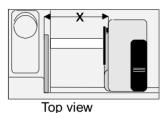
4.3.24 Checking the end of infusion pre-alarm

To carry out this operation, exit the test mode and press "OFF",



- Press "ON".
 - ☐ Fit the device with the syringe, ensuring the fin and plunger are in position.
 - \square Ensure the syringe is detected appropriately eg. $S \ \mathcal{O} \ c \cdot c$.
 - ☐ Select a "B-D PLASTIPAK" syringe filled to 20 ml.
 - □ Select a flow rate of 120 ml/hr.
 - For normal flow rates, the pre-alarm is activated 5 minutes before end of infusion.
 - Flow rate example: > 60 ml/hr, the pre-alarm is activated when the remaining volume equals 10% of the total syringe capacity.
 - Ensure the end of infusion pre-alarm is present.
 - □ Press the "SILENCE ALARM" key.
 - The acoustic alarm is silenced and the visual signal is maintained.
 - □ Measure the "hard height" distance at "end of infusion".
 - 18,5 ≤ x ≤ 19,5.







For accurate checking of the "hard height", do not move the plunger when measuring.

If the "hard height" reading is out of limits, recalibrate the position sensor (see " $\mathcal{E} \mathcal{E} \mathcal{R} \mathcal{S}$ Position sensor calibration.").

4.3.25 Checking the limit volume programming

To carry out this operation, exit the test mode and press "OFF",



- Press "ON".
 - ☐ Fit the device with the syringe, ensuring the fin and plunger are in position.



- □ Ensure the syringe is detected appropriately eg. 50c.c.
- □ Select a "B-D PLASTIPAK" syringe filled to 20 ml.
- □ Select a flow rate of 100 ml/hr on the display unit.
- □ Select a limit volume of 10 ml.
 - · Pre-alarm presence.
 - · For normal flow rates, the pre-alarm is activated 5 minutes before end of infusion.
 - Flow rate example: > 60 ml/hr, the pre-alarm is activated when the remaining volume equals 10% of the total syringe capacity.
- ☐ Press the "SILENCE ALARM" key
 - · The acoustic alarm is silenced and the visual signal is maintained.





The limit volume alarm is activated when the programmed limit volume is reached. The device changes to KVO mode. flow rate of 1 ml/hr keeping the vein open.

☐ The pre-alarm is present when the KVO is activated.

4.3.26 Checking the linearity

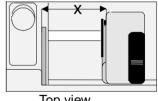
To carry out this operation, exit the test mode and press "OFF",



- Equipment required: Stop-clock, electronic calliper, BD Plastipak 50 ml. syringe.
- Press "ON".
 - ☐ Fit the device with the "B-D PLASTIPAK" 50 ml syringe, ensuring the fin and plunger are in starting position.
 - □ Measure the displacement X in mm.



- ☐ Ensure the syringe is detected appropriately eg. 50c.c.
- □ Select a "B-D PLASTIPAK" syringe filled to 50 ml.
- □ Select a flow rate of 50 ml/hr.
- □ Press "CONFIRM" to start infusion and simultaneously start the stop-clock
- ☐ At 50 minutes, stop the infusion by pressing "STOP" and measure the displacement X2.
- ☐ Ensure X = X1 X2 lies between $74,96 \text{ mm} \le X \le 76,47 \text{ mm}.$



Top view







For accurate checking of the linearity do not move the plunger when measuring.

4.3.27 Checking the list of syringes

■ £5£.H, press "CONFIRM".





- □ Using the selection keys, a different syringe is shown on the display unit and is indicated by its Led.
 - Another possible capacity is ² Ū c c corresponding to "20 ml".
 - The next part of the test concerns syringe details,

bdL = BD Plastipack

bPF = BD Perfusion,

 $b \cap \mathcal{D}_{\bullet} = Braun Omnifix,$

 $b \cap P_{\bullet} = Braun Perfusor,$

5 $\Pi J =$ Sherwood Monoject,

ሬር በ ■ = Terumo.

4.3.28 Checking mains/battery operation

To carry out this operation, exit the test mode and press "OFF",



- Connect the device to a mains supply.
 - ☐ Check the operation of the mains presence Led (indicator in the shape of a plug).
- Connect the device to a test power supply.
 - □ Disconnect the device from the mains.
 - □ Remove the battery holder.
 - □ Remove the battery.
 - □ Remove the connection lugs.
 - □ Connect the battery lugs to a stabilised supply set at 6.3 V. Respect the polarities.
 - □ Press "ON".
 - □ Select a syringe from the syringe list proposed by the device.



- □ Press "CONFIRM"
- □ Select a flow rate and validate.
- □ Reduce the test power supply voltage until the battery discharge alarm is triggered.
 - Ensure this is triggered between 5.8 V and 6 V.





The acoustic alarm can be temporarily silenced by pressing "SILENCE ALARM" (2 minutes).



- □ Reduce the test power supply voltage again until the battery discharge alarm is triggered.
 - Ensure this is triggered between 5.6 V and 5.8 V.

If the results obtained during the tests differ from the values indicated, recalibrate the battery voltage levels (see "£ £ 8.4 Calibration of the 3 battery voltage levels.").

4.3.29 Battery autonomy test

- Recharge the battery for 16 hours.
- Perform an autonomy test of over 1 hour.
 - ☐ Fit the device with a B-D Plastipak 50 ml/hr syringe with a flow rate of 120 ml/hr (without Master module connections), then validate.
 - ☐ The "battery discharge" pre-alarm warns the user that an autonomy of 60 minutes at 5 ml/hr remains.
 - The "total battery discharge" alarm will sound before infusion stops completely.

4.3.30 Continuity test

Using a multimeter.

To carry out this operation, exit the test mode and press "OFF",

- Connect the multimeter to an ohmmeter.
 - $\hfill\Box$ Check the electrical resistance shown by the ohmeter is over 10 $M\Omega$:
 - between phase and metal tube.
 - between neutral and metal tube.





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4.3.31 Regular inspection sheet

Use this table to note the results of the different tests.

| Equipment type: | Code: | Equipment series N°: |
|-----------------|-------|----------------------|
|-----------------|-------|----------------------|

| NIO | | Confor | mity |
|-----|---|--------|------|
| N° | Procedure Resulting value | Yes | No |
| 1 | ■ Check the general condition of the case and its labels. | | |
| 2 | ■ Display total running time, Ł 5 Ł / (in hours, days or months):************************************ | | |
| 3 | ■ Display the last servicing inspection date, £ 5 ₺ ╎ (in days, months or years):************************************ | | |
| 4 | ■ Check all indicator lights, Ł 5 Ł ♂. | | |
| 5 | ■ Check the keyboard, Ł 5 Ł 3. | | |
| 6 | ■ Display the total running time, と 5 と 5 (in hours, days or months):************************************ | | |
| 7 | ■ Check the force sensor, £ 5 £ 9: □ On standby, check that the displayed value is □ □ □ • ± 100 g: | | |
| 8 | ■ Check the ADC, と 5 と b : □ Ensure the value of input 2 is: 066 ≤ X ≤ 08F:************************************ | | |
| 9 | ■ Check the position sensor, | | |
| 10 | ■ Check the syringe clamp £ 5 £ F: Syringe clamp in high position, check that the displayed value is :******************************* | | |
| 11 | ■ Check the list of programmed syringes, Ł 5 Ł H. | | |
| 12 | ■ Check the anti-siphon arm: □ Free travel without end play. □ Presence of the alarm in high and low position. □ No alarm in presence of 20 cc and 50 cc syringe piston. | | |

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| N° | Dunandura | Deculting value | Conformity | |
|----|--|-----------------|------------|----|
| IN | Procedure I | Resulting value | Yes | No |
| 13 | Check the backpressure (use a Fresenius Vial dynamometer): □ 2nd segment of the LCD in 3-level mode, or 500 mmHg in standby mode □ .5 5 ≤ X bar ≤ □ . 7 5 :********************************** | | | |
| 14 | ■ Check the end of infusion pre-alarm: □ Eg.: for a flow rate of 50 ml/hr with a 60 cc BD, check that the pre-alarm is triggered at 5 mn ± 10 s before the end of infusion: ************************************ | | | |
| 15 | ■ Check the end of infusion alarm: □ With a 60 cc BD, check that the hard height distance is 18,5 ≤ x mm ≤ 19,5: ************************************ | | | |
| 16 | ■ Check the linearity (60 cc BD Plastipack): ☐ Measure the plunger distance, XI mm: ******************************** ☐ Measure the plunger distance after 50 mn pump running, X2 ☐ Ensure 74.96 ≤ X1-X2 mm ≤ 76.47:************************************ | mm: | | |
| 17 | ■ Check the battery autonomy: ☐ Recharge the battery for 16 hours. ☐ Operate the Pilot for 1 hr at a flow rate of 120 ml/hr:************************************ | | | |
| 18 | ■ Carry out the electrical tests according to standard EN 60601-1 | | | |

| Name: Date: Signature: | |
|------------------------|--|
|------------------------|--|

Comments:

Preventive maintenance

4.4 Flow rate control

4.4.1 Measurement with a computer

ISDébit software is required for measuring the flow with a computer. This software is the property of **Fresenius Vial**. Please contact our After Sales Service for any further information.

The operation mode defined by this software follows the project protocol of standard PrEN-60-601-2-24 for **infusion pumps**. It is up to the user to adapt this procedure to the software used.



In order to purchase the ISDébit flow rate control software, contact the **Fresenius Vial** customer service.

The test procedure defined below must be carried out using a 50 ml or 20 ml syringe.

Equipment required

■ Scales coupled to a microcomputer:

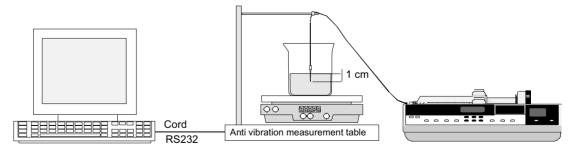
| Flow rate value | Scales sensitivity |
|-----------------------|--------------------|
| x <u><</u> 5 ml/hr | 1/10000th |
| 5 ml/hr < x ≤ 30ml/hr | 1/1000th |
| x > 30 ml/hr | 1/100th |

- Multi scales acquisition programme.
- Test tube or beaker with 1 ml graduating
- Liquid: distilled water and oil
- Luer lock type plastic syringe (50 or 20 ml).
- Catheter extension with Luer Lock (length 100 cm, inside diameter 2,5 mm).
- Needle:

| Flow rate value | Needle type | |
|-----------------------|-------------|--|
| x <u><</u> 30ml/hr | G26 | |
| x > 30 ml/hr | G18 or G21 | |

Installation

According to the installation drawings shown below.





Make sure the horizontal installation plane is respected.



- Fill the syringe with 50 ml of distilled water.
 - □ Prime to eliminate any air bubbles.
- Secure the female Luer Lock end piece of the catheter extension onto the syringe and the male Luer lock end piece onto the needle.
- Fit the syringe onto the device.
- Fill the test tube ensuring the needle is dipped in the liquid (> 1 cm).
 - □ Add several drops of oil to create a greasy film on the surface of the liquid. This way the user will avoid any measurement error due to evaporation of the liquid.
- Place the test tube in the centre of the scales platform.
- Place the needle inside the test tube.



The infusion line (needle/catheter extension) must not rest on the scales/test tube assembly.

- Press "ON" (device in mains supply mode).
 - □ Prime the infusion line using the "BOLUS" key.
 - □ Check that there are no air bubbles.



Operating mode



The software works following the operating mode described in the PrEN-60-601-2-24 standard project for **infusion pumps**.

- Start the acquisition programme for the scales.
- Enter the necessary data to launch the programme without validating the flow rate.
- Adjust the scales to the specified flow rate.
- Confirm the flow rate on the microcomputer so that the automatic setting of the scales can take place.
- Start the infusion by pressing the "CONFIRM" key, when ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ appears on the scales display screen.
- When the specified time is over, note the error percentage displayed on the screen.



4.4.2 Measurement with scales

Equipment required

- Stop clock
- Scales

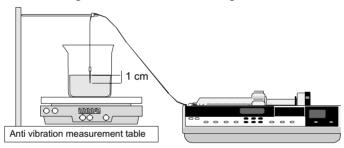
| Flow rate value | Scales sensitivity | |
|-----------------------|--------------------|--|
| x <u><</u> 5 ml/hr | 1/10000th | |
| 5 ml/hr < x ≤ 30ml/hr | 1/1000th | |
| x > 30 ml/hr | 1/100th | |

- Test tube or beaker with 1 ml graduating
- Liquid: distilled water and oil
- Luer lock type plastic syringe (50 or 20 ml)
- Catheter extension with Luer Lock (length 100 cm, inside diameter 2,5 mm).
- Needle:

| Flow rate value | Needle type |
|-----------------|-------------|
| x < 30ml/hr | G26 |
| x > 30 ml/hr | G18 or G21 |

Installation

According to the installation drawings shown below.





Make sure the horizontal installation plane is respected.

- Fill the syringe with 50 ml of distilled water.
- Prime to eliminate any air bubbles.
- Secure the female Luer Lock end piece of the catheter extension onto the syringe and the male Luer lock end piece onto the needle.
- Fit the syringe onto the device.
- Fill the test tube ensuring the needle is dipped in the liquid (> 1 cm).
- Add several drops of oil to create a greasy film on the surface of the liquid. This way the user will avoid any measurement error due to evaporation of the liquid.
- Place the test tube in the centre of the scales platform.
- Place the needle inside the test tube.





The infusion line (needle/catheter extension) must not rest on the scales/test tube assembly.

- Press "ON" (device in mains supply mode).□ Prime the infusion line using the "BOLUS" key.
 - □ Check that there are no air bubbles.



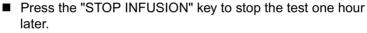
Operating mode

■ Select a flow rate.



For low flow rates (< 5 ml/hr), validate and wait for the infusion to stabilise for 1 hour. For higher flow rates, wait for 10 to 30 minutes after infusion.

- Set the scales at 00.00 g.
- Start infusion by pressing the "CONFIRM" key, and start the stop clock at the same time, (if necessary make a note of the stop clock start value).



- Note the value in grams of the "infused" liquid.
- Calculate the difference between the design value and the real value.



1 gram = 1 ml.

■ The error percentage can be calculated from this difference :

 $\frac{\text{(Real value - Design value})}{\text{Design value}} \times 100 = \text{Error percentage}$







4.4.3 Measurement using a test tube

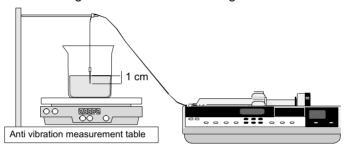
Equipment required

- Stop clock.
- Test tube or beaker with 1 ml graduating
- Liquid: distilled water and oil
- Luer lock type plastic syringe (50 or 20 ml)
- Catheter extension with Luer Lock (length 100 cm, inside diameter 2,5 cm).
- Needle:

| Flow rate value | Needle type |
|-----------------|-------------|
| x < 30ml/hr | G26 |
| x > 30 ml/hr | G18 or G21 |

Installation

According to the installation drawings shown below.





Make sure the horizontal installation plane is respected.

- Fill the syringe with 50 ml of distilled water.
 - □ Prime to eliminate any air bubbles.
- Secure the female Luer Lock end piece of the catheter extension onto the syringe and the male Luer lock end piece onto the needle.
- Fit the syringe onto the device.
- Fill the test tube ensuring the needle is dipped in the liquid (> 1 cm).
 - □ Add several drops of oil to create a greasy film on the surface of the liquid. This way the user will avoid any measurement error due to evaporation of the liquid.
 - □ Place the needle inside the test tube.



Operating mode

■ Select a flow rate.



For low flow rates (< 5 ml/hr), validate and wait for the infusion to stabilise for 1 hour. For higher flow rates, wait for 10 to 30 minutes after infusion.

■ Start infusion by pressing the "CONFIRM" key, and start the stop clock at the same time, (if necessary make a note of the stop clock start value).



- Once the whole infused syringe is in the test tube, calculate the difference between the design value and the real value: Real flow rate = 50 ml/time in hours
- The error percentage can be calculated from this difference :

(Real value – Design value) Design value × 100 = Error percentage



4.5 Cleaning and disinfection

The syringe pump is part of the patient's immediate environment. It is advisable to clean and disinfect the external surfaces of the device on a daily basis in order to protect both patient and personnel from any risks of contamination.

- Disconnect the power cable from the wall socket before cleaning.
- Do not place in an AUTOCLAVE or IMMERSE the device, and do not allow liquid to penetrate inside the equipment case or power supply cover.
 - □ Use a cloth soaked in DETERGENT-DISINFECTANT, diluted in water if necessary, to eliminate micro organisms.
 - □ Avoid excessively abrasive brushing that could scratch the case.
 - ☐ Do not rinse or wipe the surfaces.
- If the equipment is used in a department with severe contamination risks, after disinfecting by wiping with a damp cloth, equipment should be left in the room during aerial disinfection.



Do not use TRICHLOROETHYLENE-DICHLOROETHYLENE.

- "TRICHLOROETHYLENE-DICHLOROETHYLENE:
 - □ AMMONIA.
 - □ AMMONIUM CHLORIDE
 - ☐ CHLORINE AND AROMATIC HYDROCARBON.
 - ☐ ETHYLENE DICHLORIDE-METHYLENE CHLORIDE
 - □ CETONE based cleaning products.

These aggressive agents could damage the plastic parts and lead to apparatus malfunctions.



Also beware of ALCOHOL SPRAYS (20% -40% alcohol) that tarnish and crack the plastic and fail to provide the cleaning action required prior to disinfection.

For further information, please contact the competent department in your hospital for supply of the appropriate cleaning and disinfecting products.



4.6 Storage

In case of prolonged storage, it is advisable to disconnect the battery using the battery access door on the bottom of the device. This operation should be done by an experienced technician.

The equipment must be stored in a dry and cool place.

- The recommended environmental temperature conditions for storage of the equipment are between 0°C and 40°C.
- Relative humidity tolerated: max. 85%, no condensation.

Fully recharge the battery before using the equipment to avoid any risks caused by micro power cuts in the mains supply and to ensure maximum autonomy.



5 Diagnosis

5.1 Troubleshooting

| Problem | Cause | Solution |
|---|--|--|
| End of infusion detected too early (at approximately 10 ml). No pre-alarm or alarm at end of | ■ The syringe used does not correspond to the selected one. | ■ Change the syringe. |
| infusion. | | |
| Too much flow rate or displacement control drift. | | |
| Occlusion alarm upon start-up | ■ Inappropriate calibration of the force sensor. | ■ Recalibrate the force sensor (see "£ £ 8.9 Force sensor calibration."). |
| | ■ Force sensor out of order. | ■ Check the force sensor (see "£ £ 8.9 Force sensor calibration."). |
| | ■ Ribbon cable cut. | ■ Replace the ribbon cable (see "Ribbon cable winding kit" operation sheet). |
| Occlusion alarm during operation. | ■ Pressure limit selected is too low. | ■ Select a medium pressure limit. |
| | Inappropriate calibration of the force sensor. | ■ Recalibrate the force sensor (see "£ Ł 8.9 Force sensor calibration."). |
| | ■ Ribbon cable cut. | ■ Replace the ribbon cable (see "Ribbon cable winding kit" operation sheet). |
| Disengagement alarm upon start-up | ■ Faulty disengagement micro-switch. | ■ Replace the micro-switch (see "Syringe detection system" operation sheet) |
| Syringe piston detection alarm not justified. | ■ Faulty photoelectric cell and/or syringe piston obturator. | ■ Check the syringe clamp (see "Checking the syringe clamp"). |
| Syringe body clamp alarm not justified. | | |
| Syringe fin detection alarm not justified. | ■ Faulty switch and/or fin detection connections. | ■ Check the fin detection system 'see "Checking the fin detection system"). |
| Display fault: segments, Leds | ■ Control transistors and/or display board connections. | Check the display (see "Checking the indicator lights").Check the connectors. |
| After a fall. | ■ Damaged mechanical elements. | Check that the input bearing and mechanical assembly are intact. |



Diagnosis



5.2 Error messages

| Error code | Description | Recommended action | | |
|--|---|--|--|--|
| Electronic control and software* anomalies | | | | |
| Er 10 | ■ Internal RAM anomaly. | ■ Reconfigure the Pilot (see "Current operation parameter configuration menu"). | | |
| Er20 | ■ Enternal RAM anomaly. | | | |
| Er30 | ■ EEPROM anomaly. | | | |
| E - 40 | ■ EEPROM anomaly. | | | |
| Er50 | ■ ADC anomaly. | ■ Check the ADC (see "Checking the ADC"). | | |
| Er60 | Syringe parameter anomaly. | ■ Reconfigure the Pilot (see "Current operation parameter configuration menu") | | |
| Er 70 | ■ Motor frequency anomaly. | | | |
| Er80 | Faulty keyboard.Short circuit in the keyboard. | ■ Check the keyboard. | | |
| | ■ Electromagnetic disturbance exceeding standard limits. | ■ Check the operation environment of the Pilot. | | |

^{*:} When rewriting the EEPROM, when the device is switched off, the Check Sum is rewritten in the memory to save the parameters.

If the Hard cut-off circuit is shorter in time than the Soft circuit, the device is switched off before the EEPROM is fully rewritten: Check Sum not compliant.

Err(-)0 or CFPc: When the device is in CFPc, reconfiguration is compulsory: Faulty WATCH DOG.

| DOG. | | | | |
|---------------------------|---|--|--|--|
| Motor anomalies | | | | |
| Er01 | Motor control failure.Motor fault. | Check the motor power supply.Replace the motor. | | |
| Plunger advance anomalies | | | | |
| Er32 | Anomaly over a short distance. | Check the connectors. Check that the potentiometer is tightened. Check the ADC (see "Checking the ADC"). | | |
| Er52 | Anomaly during compensation for play. | | | |
| Er 72 | Anomaly over the whole length. | Check the position sensor (see "Checking the position sensor"). | | |
| Er82 | ■ Anomaly in relation to the flow rate. | | | |

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| Error code | Description | Recommended action | | |
|---|--|--|--|--|
| Calculation parameter anomalies (motor and flow rate) | | | | |
| Er 14 | Motor period calculation anomaly. | ■ Check the ADC (see "Checking the ADC"). | | |
| Er24 | Motor rotation direction anomaly. | Check the position sensor (see "Checking the position sensor."). | | |
| Er34 | Flow rate/period calculation anomaly. | | | |
| E - 44 | ■ UART and micro- controller crystal frequency anomaly. | | | |
| Configuration anomalies | | | | |
| CFPc | ■ The configuration self- test upon start-up was not satisfactory. | ■ Reconfigure the Pilot (see "Pressure parameter configuration menu" and "Current operation parameter configuration menu"). | | |

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6 Operation sheets

This chapter lists the set of dismounting/remounting sheets.





N°1, Procedure: Display and central unit boards

Safety:

For safety reasons, the technician should not carry out any maintenance when the device is connected to the 230 V mains supply voltage.

Disconnect the mains power supply cable.

Equipment required:

- 1 Posidriv Z1 screwdriver.
- 1 antistatic wriststrap.

Maintenance level:

Level 2, specialised technician (see documentation on biomedical training).

Procedure:

Access

- Turn the **Pilot** over onto the upper case.
- Unscrew the 6 Phillips head screws (ref. 1) located at the bottom of the lower case, which link this to the upper case.
- Keep the **Pilot** assembled and turn it over onto the lower case.
- Remove the upper case making sure the CPU board flat jumper is not accidentally removed in the process.
- Disconnect the CPU board flat jumper.



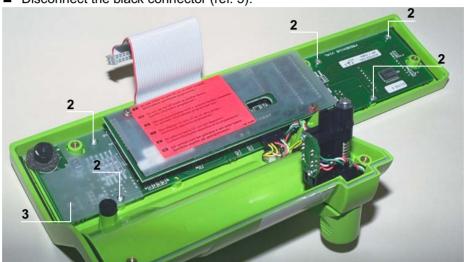


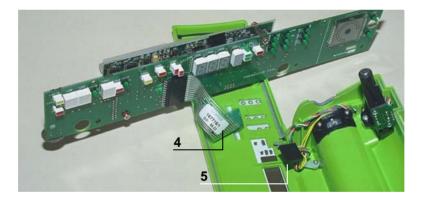




When electronic components are handled, it is recommended to wear an antistatic wriststrap linked to ground and to work on an antistatic foam mat.

- Unscrew the 5 Phillips head screws (ref. 2) located at the display board, which link this to the upper case.
- Remove the board insulator (ref. 3) located on the left.
- Lift the display board slightly and remove the display unit flat jumper (ref. 4).
- Disconnect the black connector (ref. 5).





Remounting



A specific type of board corresponds to each **Pilot** "CPU and display board"; It is important to avoid reversing the references between each **Pilot** and order the part number corresponding to your device.

Carry out the same procedures in reverse to reassemble the parts.



When mounting the display board, it is important to reduce the torque in the plastic inserts so as to avoid causing damage to these.

When fitting the upper case, ensure the joint is perfectly positioned in its slot after reassembly.

Recalibrate the **Pilot** (see "Calibrations") then carry out the regular servicing tests (see "Regular servicing sheet").



N°2, Procedure: Syringe clamp

Safety:

For safety reasons, the technician should not carry out any maintenance when the device is connected to the 230 V mains supply voltage.

Disconnect the mains power supply cable.

Equipment required:

- 1 Posidriv Z1 screwdriver.
- 1 Posidriv Z1 flat screwdriver.

Maintenance level:

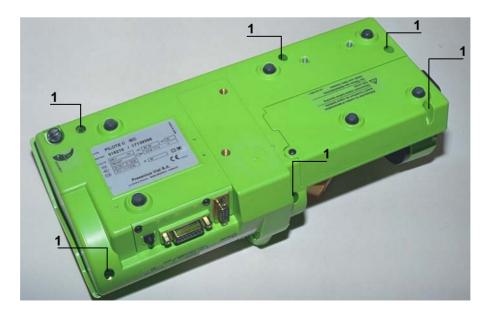
Level 2, specialised technician (see documentation on biomedical training).

Procedure:

Access

- Turn the Pilot over onto the upper case.
- Unscrew the 6 Phillips head screws (ref. 1) located at the bottom of the lower case, which link this to the upper case.
- Keep the Pilot assembled and turn it over onto the lower case.
- Remove the upper case making sure the CPU board flat jumper is not accidentally removed in the process.
- Disconnect the CPU board flat jumper.

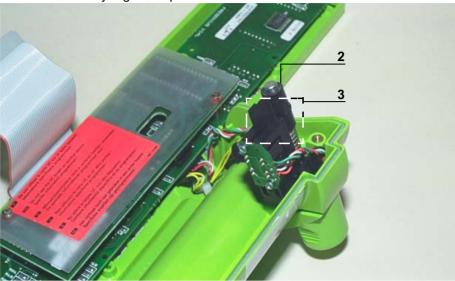








- Remove the spring retaining ring (ref. 2) located on the syringe clamp shaft, which holds this to the CPU support.
- Remove the obturator and the spring (ref. 3).
- Remove the syringe clamp.



Reassembly

Carry out the same procedures in reverse to remount the unit.



When fitting the upper case, ensure the joint is perfectly positioned in its slot after reassembly.



N°3, Procedure: Syringe detection system

Safety:

For safety reasons, the technician should not carry out any maintenance when the device is connected to the 230 V mains supply voltage.

Disconnect the mains power supply cable.

Equipment required:

- 1 Posidriv Z1 screwdriver.
- 1 antistatic wriststrap.
- 1 soldering iron
- "RADIEL Sn60Pb RI 1" welding wire (cleaning not required for rewelding) or equivalent.
- Silicone ref. 161249.

Maintenance level:

Level 2, specialised technician (see documentation on biomedical training).

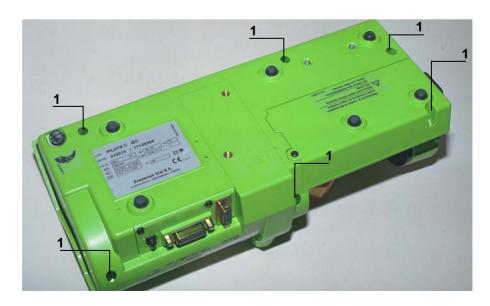
Switch replacement procedure:

Access

- Turn the **Pilot** over onto the upper case.
- Unscrew the 6 Phillips head screws (ref. 1) located at the bottom of the lower case, which link this to the upper case.
- Keep the **Pilot** assembled and turn it over onto the lower case.
- Remove the upper case making sure the CPU board flat jumper is not accidentally removed in the process.
- Disconnect the CPU board flat jumper.



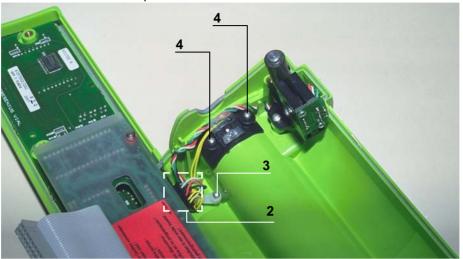
Hands must not come into contact with the CPU boards.



Dieration sheets



- Disconnect the connector (ref. 2).
- Unscrew the Phillips head screw (ref. 3) which holds the conductor to the upper case.
- Unscrew the 2 Phillips head screws (ref. 4) which hold the switch support in position.
- Remove the switch assembly.
- Remove the silicone pins.





Welding and unwelding operations are carried out using a soldering iron fitted with a tip in good condition, constantly tapered and clean kept. The temperature of the iron should be between 315°C and 340°C.

- Unweld the switch wires:
 - □ Add more weld to facilitate the unwelding process.
 - ☐ Heat and pull on the wires one by one.
 - □ Straighten up the 4 mounting lugs and remove the switch.



Reassembly

- Place the new switch on the support.
- Bend the mounting lugs towards the inside in order to lock them into position.
- Weld the wires of the new switch:
 - ☐ Taper the 2 welding wires and the 2 lugs of the switch to be welded.
 - □ Place the wires under the bent lugs.
 - □ Place the welding iron tip on the welding surface.
 - □ Place the welding wire on the pin surface of the switch to be welded.
 - ☐ Remove the welding wire and then the welding iron tip.
 - ☐ Check that the welding has been carried out correctly. It should not form a ball, but should lie against the length of the wire.
- Screw the 2 Phillips head screws (ref. 3) which hold the "switch support" assembly in position.



When mounting the "switch support", it is important to reduce the torque in the plastic inserts so as to avoid causing damage to these.

- Connect the conductor to the CPU board.
- Tighten the Phillips head screw holding the conductor (ref. 2).
- Place 2 silicone pins on the switch contacts in order to insulate these.

Carry out the same procedures in reverse to remount the unit.



When fitting the upper case, ensure the joint is perfectly positioned in its slot after reassembly.

Opto replacement procedure:

Access

- Turn the **Pilot** over onto the upper case.
- Unscrew the 6 Phillips head screws (ref. 1) located at the bottom of the lower case, which link this to the upper case.
- Keep the **Pilot** assembled and turn it over onto the lower case.
- Remove the upper case making sure the CPU board flat jumper is not accidentally removed in the process.
- Disconnect the CPU board flat jumper.

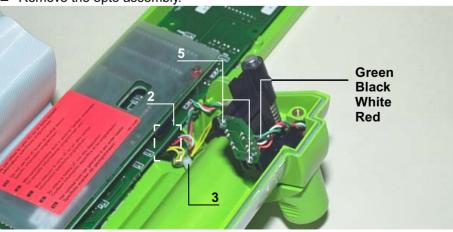


Hands must not come into contact with the CPU boards.



Dismounting

- Disconnect the connector (ref. 2).
- Unscrew the Phillips head screw (ref. 3) which holds the conductor to the upper case.
- Unscrew the 2 Phillips head screws (ref. 5) which hold the opto PCB in position.
- Remove the opto assembly.





Reassembly

- Place the new opto assembly on the PCB support.
- Screw the 2 Phillips head screws (ref. 5) which hold the "PCB and opto" assembly in position.



When mounting the "PCB and opto", it is important to reduce the torque in the plastic inserts so as to avoid causing damage to these.

- Connect the conductor to the CPU board.
- Tighten the Phillips head screw holding the conductor (ref. 2).

Carry out the same procedures in reverse to remount the unit.



When fitting the upper case, ensure the joint is perfectly positioned in its slot after reassembly.





N°4, Procedure: Motor + Opto + Disk

Safety:

For safety reasons, the technician should not carry out any maintenance when the device is connected to the 230 V mains supply voltage.

Disconnect the mains power supply cable.

Equipment required:

- 1 Posidriv Z1 screwdriver.
- 1 antistatic wriststrap.

Maintenance level:

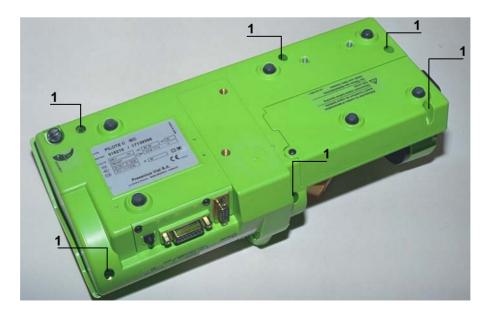
Level 2, specialised technician (see documentation on biomedical training).

Procedure:

Access

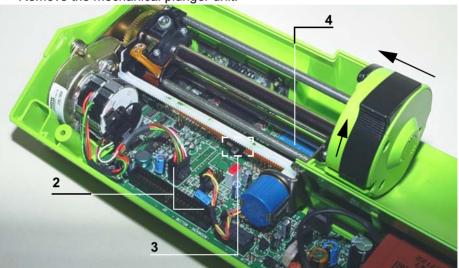
- Turn the Pilot over onto the upper case.
- Unscrew the 6 Phillips head screws (ref. 1) located at the bottom of the lower case, which link this to the upper case.
- Keep the Pilot assembled and turn it over onto the lower case.
- Remove the upper case making sure the CPU board flat jumper is not accidentally removed in the process.
- Disconnect the CPU board flat jumper.



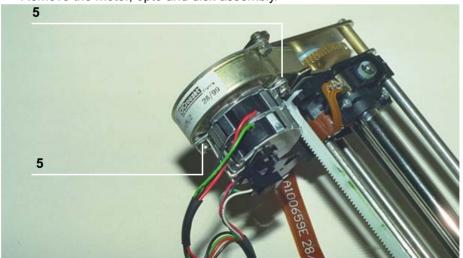




- Press the syringe pump disengagement lever towards the back of the Pilot as far as possible.
- Maintain this position and slide the whole unit to the back left.
- Remove the plunger guide.
- Disconnect the black connectors (ref. 2).
- Unscrew the flat jumper mounting lug (ref. 3) without removing it.
- Remove the mechanical plunger unit from its slot.
- Disconnect the blue connector from the flat jumper (ref. 4).
- Remove the mechanical plunger unit.



- Unscrew the 2 Phillips head screws (ref. 5).
- Remove the motor, opto and disk assembly.



Reassembly

Carry out the same procedures in reverse to remount the unit.



When fitting the upper case, ensure the joint is perfectly positioned in its slot after reassembly.



N°5, Procedure: Pressure sensor

Safety:

For safety reasons, the technician should not carry out any maintenance when the device is connected to the 230 V mains supply voltage.

Disconnect the mains power supply cable.

Equipment required:

- 1 Posidriv Z1 screwdriver.
- 1 hexagon socket key (2.5).
- 1 soldering iron.
- "RADIEL Sn60Pb RI 1" welding wire (cleaning not required for rewelding) or equivalent.

Maintenance level:

Level 2, specialised technician (see documentation on biomedical training).

Procedure:

Access

- Turn the **Pilot** over onto the upper case.
- Unscrew the 6 Phillips head screws (ref. 1) located at the bottom of the lower case, which link this to the upper case.
- Keep the **Pilot** assembled and turn it over onto the lower case.
- Remove the upper case making sure the CPU board flat jumper is not accidentally removed in the process.



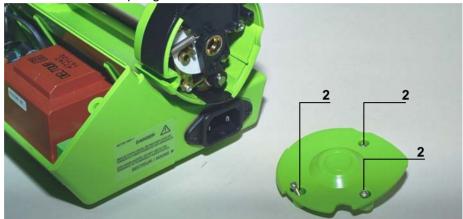
Hands must not come into contact with the CPU boards.



Oneration sheets



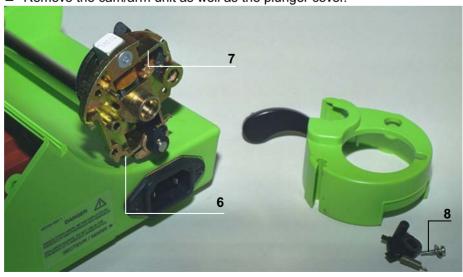
- Press the syringe pump disengagement lever towards the back of the Pilot as far as possible.
- Maintain this position and slide the whole unit to the back right.
- Remove the plunger guide.
- Unscrew the 3 Phillips head screws (ref. 2) located at the bottom of the plunger end shield which link this to the plunger cover.



- Remove the plunger end shield, the disengagement lever and its spring (ref. 3) as well as the protective plunger film (ref. 4).
- Remove the plunger cover clip (ref. 5).

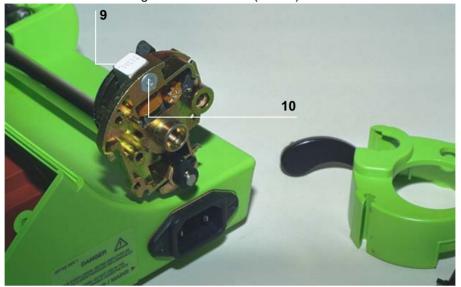


- Unscrew the 2 Phillips head screws (ref. 6 and 7) which link the plunger support to the plunger cover.
- Unscrew and remove the Phillips head screw and the washer (ref. 8) which attach the antisiphon cam to the anti-siphon arm.
- Remove the cam/arm unit as well as the plunger cover.





- Remove the bonding pad label.
- Unscrew the 6 hexagon socket screws (ref. 9) and remove the bonding pad.
- Unscrew the 6 hexagon socket screws (ref. 10) and remove the force sensor.





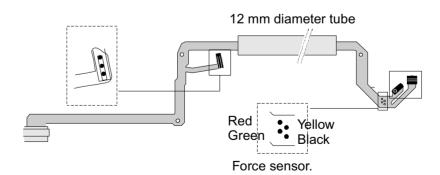
Welding and unwelding operations are carried out using a soldering iron fitted with a tip in good condition, constantly tapered and clean kept.. The temperature of the iron should be between 315°C and 340°C.

■ Unweld the sensor wires on the flex circuit:



When dismounting the force sensor, ensure the welding pellets are not damaged.

- □ Add more weld to facilitate the unwelding process.
- ☐ Heat and pull on the wires one by one.







Reassembly

- Weld the wires to the new sensor, respecting the colour code.
 - □ Taper the 4 welding wires.
 - □ Weld the 4 wires.
 - □ Check that the welding has been carried out correctly. It should not form a ball, but should lie against the length of the wire.
- Impregnate with weak loctite and screw the 6 hexagon socket screws (ref. 10) which attach the sensor to the plunger support.
- Impregnate with weak loctite and screw the 6 hexagon socket screw (ref 9) which hold the new force sensor to the bonding pad.
- Mount the plunger cover onto the plunger support.
- Centre the bonding pad in relation to the plunger cover and lock the bonding pad/sensor unit into position on the plunger support.
- Check the free movement of the removable stop plate.



- Impregnate the screw with weak loctite (ref. 8).
- Position and screw the cam/anti-siphon arm unit using the Phillips head screw and the washer (ref. 8).
- Screw the 2 Phillips head screws (ref. 7 and 6) which link the plunger support to the plunger cover.
- Position the plunger cover clip (ref. 5).
- Cover the plunger with the protective film, mount the disengagement lever and its spring, and screw the plunger end shield back on (4,3 and 2).

Carry out the same procedures in reverse to remount the unit.



When fitting the upper case, ensure the joint is perfectly positioned in its slot after reassembly.

Recalibrate the pressure sensor (see "Calibrations") then carry out the regular servicing tests (see "Regular servicing sheet").



N°6, Procedure: Plunger advance control potentiometer

Safety:

For safety reasons, the technician should not carry out any maintenance when the device is connected to the 230 V mains supply voltage.

Disconnect the mains power supply cable.

Equipment required:

- 1 Posidriv Z1 screwdriver.
- 1 flat screwdriver.
- 1 flat key (12).
- 1 potentiometer dismounting tool ref. T300869.

Maintenance level:

Level 2, specialised technician (see documentation on biomedical training).

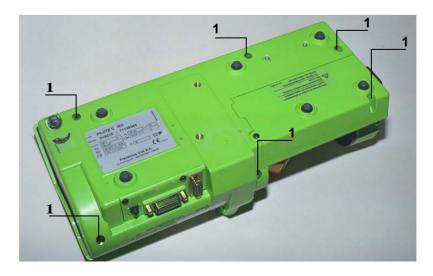
Procedure:

Access

- Turn the Pilot over onto the upper case.
- Unscrew the 6 Phillips head screws (ref. 1) located at the bottom of the lower housing case, which link this to the upper case.
- Keep the Pilot assembled and turn it over onto the lower case.
- Remove the upper case making sure the CPU board flat jumper is not accidentally removed in the process.
- Disconnect the CPU board flat jumper.



Hands must not come into contact with the CPU boards.



Oneration sheets



- Press the syringe pump disengagement lever towards the back of the Pilot as far as possible.
- Maintain this position and slide the whole unit to the back left.
- Remove the plunger guide.
- Disconnect the black connectors (ref. 2).
- Unscrew the flat jumper mounting lug (ref. 3) without removing it.
- Remove the mechanical plunger unit from its slot.
- Disconnect the blue connector from the flat jumper (ref. 4).
- Remove the mechanical plunger unit.
- Unscrew the potentiometer lock nut (ref. 5).
- Remove the tooth lockwasher and the potentiometer.



Reassembly

- Dismount the end shield from the reducer frame.
- Mount the potentiometer onto the end shield (screw the nut onto a thread).
- Position the end shield in equipment T 300 869 and lock it into position using the knurled screw.
- Position the potentiometer in the device and bring it up against the end shield.
- Tighten the potentiometer.
- Extract the end shield from device T 300 869.
- Mount the pinion on the potentiometer (match up the indexing plane).
 - ☐ The larger diameter of the pinion must be flattened against the potentiometer.
- With the potentiometer facing you, turn the pinion anticlockwise until it blocks, then turn it ¼ of a turn in the opposite direction.
- Mount the moving mechanical assembly onto the reducer frame.
- Slide the end shield onto the guides and rack.
 - ☐ Check the position of the input bearing which must be on the plunger side.
 - ☐ Ensure the flex circuit is not damaged when mounting (folding).
- Secure the end shield using the three M3x3 TC screws.
- Secure the input bearing using the two M3x3 TC screws.



When fitting the upper case, ensure the joint is perfectly positioned in its slot after reassembly.

Recalibrate the position sensor (see "Calibrations") then carry out the regular servicing tests (see "Regular servicing sheet").

N°7, Procedure: Plunger cover and/or disengagement lever + anti-siphon arm

Safety:

For safety reasons, the technician should not carry out any maintenance when the device is connected to the 230 V mains supply voltage.

Disconnect the mains power supply cable.

Equipment required:

■ 1 Posidriv Z1 screwdriver.

Maintenance level:

Level 2, specialised technician (see documentation on biomedical training).

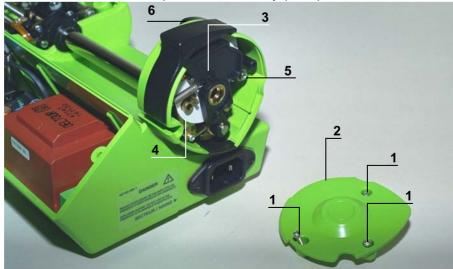
Procedure:

Access

- Press the syringe pump disengagement lever towards the back of the Pilot as far as possible.
- Maintain this position and slide the whole unit to the back right.

Dismounting

- Unscrew the 3 Phillips head screws (ref. 1) located at the bottom of the plunger end shield which links this to the plunger cover.
- Remove the plunger end shield (ref. 2), the disengagement lever and its spring (ref. 3) as well as the protective plunger film (ref. 4).
- Unscrew and remove the Phillips head screw and the washer (ref. 5) which attach the antisiphon cam to the anti-siphon arm.
- Remove the cam/anti-siphon arm assembly (ref. 6).



Deration sheets



Reassembly

Carry out the same procedures in reverse to remount the unit.

■ Impregnate the screw with weak loctite (ref. 5) before mounting the cam and arm assembly.



When fitting the upper case, ensure the joint is perfectly positioned in its slot after reassembly.



N°8, Procedure: Power supply board

Safety:

For safety reasons, the technician should not carry out any maintenance when the device is connected to the 230 V mains supply voltage.

Disconnect the mains power supply cable.

Equipment required:

- 1 Posidriv Z1 screwdriver.
- 1 small flat screwdriver
- 1 antistatic wriststrap.

Maintenance level:

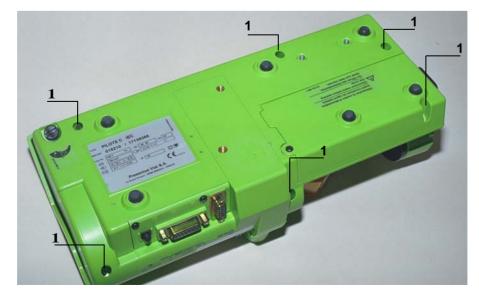
Level 2, specialised technician (see documentation on biomedical training).

Procedure:

Access

- Turn the **Pilot** over onto the upper case.
- Unscrew the 6 Phillips head screws (ref. 1) located at the bottom of the lower case, which link this to the upper case.
- Keep the **Pilot** assembled and turn it over onto the lower case.
- Remove the upper case making sure the CPU board flat jumper is not accidentally removed in the process.
- Disconnect the CPU board flat jumper.





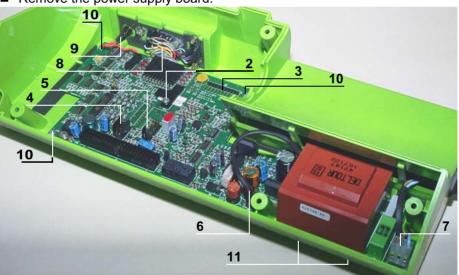


- Press the syringe pump disengagement lever towards the back of the Pilot as far as possible.
- Maintain this position and slide the whole unit to the back left.
- Remove the syringe pump guide.
- Disconnect the black connectors.



When electronic components are handled, it is recommended to wear an antistatic wriststrap linked to ground and to work on an antistatic foam mat.

- Unscrew the flat jumper mounting lug (ref 2) without removing it.
- Remove the mechanical plunger unit from its slot.
- Disconnect the blue connector from the flat jumper (ref. 3).
- Remove the mechanical plunger unit.
- Disconnect the black connectors (ref 4, ref 5, ref.6, ref.7, ref.8, ref.9).
- Unscrew the 3 Phillips head screws (ref. 10) located on the power supply board, which link this to the lower case.
- Unscrew the 2 Phillips head screws (ref. 11) located on lower case, which link this to the power supply board.
- Remove the power supply board.



Reassembly

Carry out the same procedures in reverse to remount the unit.



When fitting the upper case, ensure the joint is perfectly positioned in its slot after reassembly.

Recalibrate the force sensor (see "Calibrations") then carry out the regular servicing tests (see "Regular servicing sheet").



N°9, Procedure: Battery holder and battery

Safety:

For safety reasons, the technician should not carry out any maintenance when the device is connected to the 230 V mains supply voltage.

Disconnect the mains power supply cable.

Equipment required:

■ 1 Posidriv Z1 screwdriver.

Maintenance level:

Level 2, specialised technician (see documentation on biomedical training).

Procedure:

Access

■ Turn the **Pilot** over onto the upper case.

Dismounting

- Unscrew the 2 Phillips head screws (ref. 1) to be found in the lower case battery holder kit, which link this to the lower case.
- Swivel the battery holder and remove the battery.
- Disconnect this.



Reassembly

Carry out the same procedures in reverse to remount the unit.



It is recommended to perform a full loading and unloading cycle to ensure the battery is in working condition.

Perform the regular servicing tests (see "Regular servicing sheet").

Operation sheets





N°10, Procedure: Rear plug support

Safety:

For safety reasons, the technician should not carry out any maintenance when the device is connected to the 230 V mains supply voltage.

Disconnect the mains power supply cable.

Equipment required:

■ 1 Posidriv Z1 screwdriver.

Maintenance level:

Level 2, specialised technician (see documentation on biomedical training).

Procedure:

Access

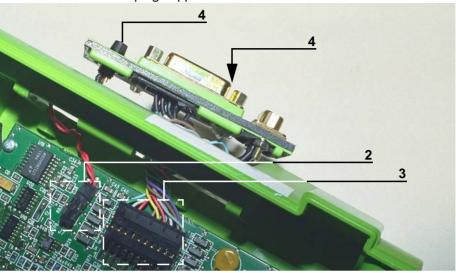
- Turn the **Pilot** over onto the upper case.
- Unscrew the 6 Phillips head screws (ref. 1) located at the bottom of the lower case, which link this to the upper case.
- Keep the **Pilot** assembled and turn it over onto the lower case.
- Remove the upper case making sure the CPU board flat jumper is not accidentally removed in the process.
- Disconnect the CPU board flat jumper.







- Disconnect the two black connectors (ref 2 and ref 3).
- Unscrew the 2 Phillips head screws (ref. 4) located on the cabled plug support, which link this to the lower case.
- Remove the cabled plug support.

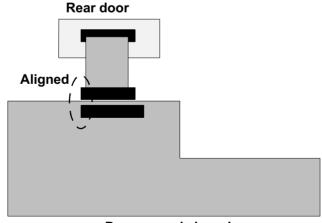


Reassembly

Carry out the same procedures in reverse to reassemble the parts.



If the number of rear door connector points is different to the number of power supply board points, make the connections as described below.



Power supply board



N°11, Procedure: Ribbon cable winding kit

Safety:

For safety reasons, the technician should not carry out any maintenance when the device is connected to the 230 V mains supply voltage.

Disconnect the mains power supply cable.

Equipment required:

■ 1 Posidriv Z1 screwdriver.

Maintenance level:

Level 2, specialised technician (see documentation on biomedical training).

Procedure:

Access

- Turn the **Pilot** over onto the upper case.
- Unscrew the 6 Phillips head screws (ref. 1) located at the bottom of the lower case, which link this to the upper case.
- Keep the **Pilot** assembled and turn it over onto the lower case.
- Remove the upper case making sure the CPU board flat jumper is not accidentally removed in the process.





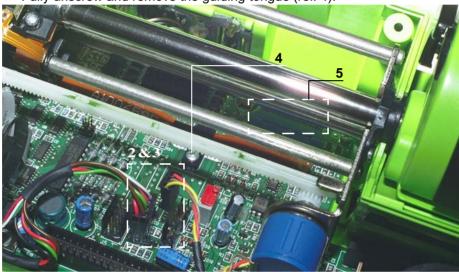


- Press the syringe pump disengagement lever towards the back of the Pilot as far as possible.
- Maintain this position and slide the whole unit to the back left.
- Remove the plunger guide.
- Disconnect the black connectors (ref. 2 and ref. 3).



When electronic components are handled, it is recommended to wear an antistatic wriststrap linked to ground and to work on an antistatic foam mat.

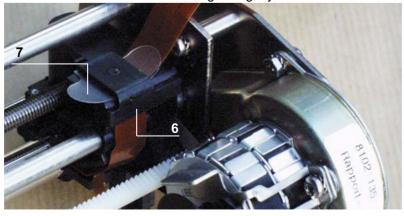
- Unscrew the flat jumper tongue (ref. 4) without removing it.
- Remove the mechanical plunger unit from its slot.
- Disconnect the blue connector (ref. 5) from the flat jumper.
- Remove the mechanical plunger unit.
- Fully unscrew and remove the guiding tongue (ref. 4).



Remounting

Fitting the flexible tongue:

- Remove the clip (ref. 6).
- Stick the flexible tongue (ref. 7) with the adhesive facing the ribbon cable.
- Reposition the clip making sure the ribbon cable and the flexible tongue are centred on the mechanical unit sprocket.
- Lift both ends of the flexible tongue slightly.





Fitting the guiding flange:



There are several types of flange tongues. If you have an older version, replace it with that provided with the kit.

■ Position the new guiding flange (ref. 4) using the two screws.



- Disconnect the blue connector (ref. 5) from the flat jumper.
- Position the whole mechanical plunger unit making sure the ribbon cable is centred under the flange.
- Perform a few round cycles to check the ribbon cable winds up correctly.
- Connect the black connectors (ref. 2 and ref. 3).
- Replace the plunger guide.

Carry out the same procedures in reverse to remount the upper case.



When fitting the upper case, ensure the joint is perfectly positioned in its slot after reassembly.





N°12, Procedure: Syringe head detection plunger kit

Safety:

For safety reasons, the technician should not carry out any maintenance when the device is connected to the 230 V mains supply voltage.

Disconnect the mains power supply cable.

Equipment required:

- 1 Posidriv Z1 screwdriver.
- 12.5 hexagon socket key (2.5).

Maintenance level:

Level 2, specialised technician (see documentation on biomedical training).

Procedure:

Access

- Turn the **Pilot** over onto the upper case.
- Unscrew the 6 Phillips head screws (ref. 1) located at the bottom of the lower case, which link this to the upper case.
- Keep the **Pilot** assembled and turn it over onto the lower case.
- Remove the upper case making sure the CPU board flat jumper is not accidentally removed in the process.

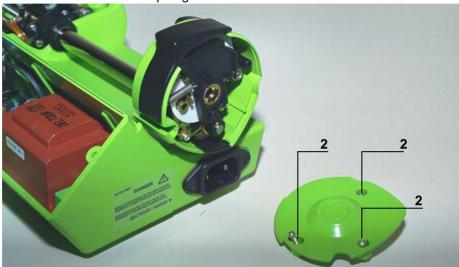




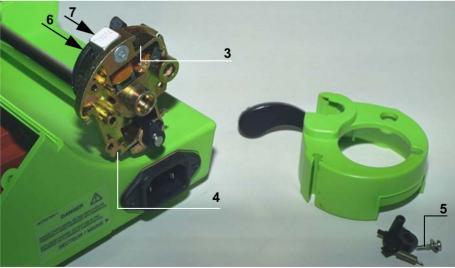


- Press the syringe pump disengagement lever towards the back of the Pilot as far as possible.
- Maintain this position and slide the whole unit to the back right.
- Remove the syringe pump guide.

■ Unscrew the 3 Phillips head screws (ref. 2) located at the bottom of the plunger end shield slots which link this to the plunger cover.



- Remove the plunger end shield, the disengagement lever and its spring as well as the protective plunger film.
- Remove the plunger cover clip.
- Unscrew the 2 Phillips head screws (ref. 3 and 4) which link the plunger support to the plunger cover.
- Unscrew and remove the Phillips head screw and the washer (ref. 5) which hold the antisiphon cam to the anti-siphon arm.
- Remove the cam/arm unit as well as the plunger cover.
- Remove the bonding pad label (ref. 6).
- Unscrew the six hexagon socket screws (ref. 7) and remove the plunger unit.





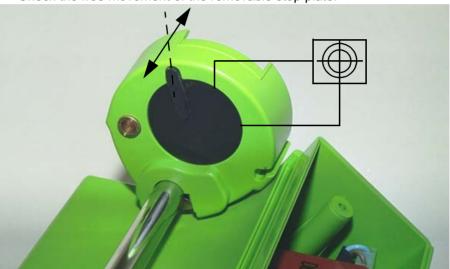
Remounting

- If necessary, cut the protective flexible ribbon cable label if it protrudes over the edge of the sensor.
- Impregnate with weak loctite and screw the 6 hexagon socket screw (ref. 6) which holds the new bonding pad to the force sensor.
- Break the contact of the bonding pad fixing lugs from the plunger cover.
- Mount the plunger cover onto the plunger support.



Weak loctite must be used to mount the new arm and the new anti-siphon arm supplied with the kit.

- Centre the bonding pad in relation to the plunger cover and lock the bonding pad/sensor unit into position on the plunger support.
- Check the free movement of the removable stop plate.





Do not forget to replace the anti-siphon cam with the new one supplied with the kit.

- Position and screw the cam/anti-siphon arm unit using the Phillips head screw and the washer (ref. 5).
- Screw the 2 Phillips head screws (ref. 3 and 4) which link the plunger support to the plunger cover.
- Position the plunger cover clip.
- Cover the plunger with the protective film, and mount the disengagement lever and its spring, and screw the plunger end shield back on.

Carry out the same procedures in reverse to reassemble the unit.



When fitting the upper case, ensure the joint is perfectly positioned in its slot after reassembly.

Perform the regular servicing tests (see "Regular servicing sheet").





N°12, Procedure: Centering ring kit

Safety:

For safety reasons, the technician should not carry out any maintenance when the device is connected to the 230 V mains supply voltage.

Disconnect the mains power supply cable.

Equipment required:

- 1 Posidriv Z1 screwdriver.
- 1 cutter.
- GEB type 100% silicone grease.

Maintenance level:

Level 2, specialised technician (see documentation on biomedical training).

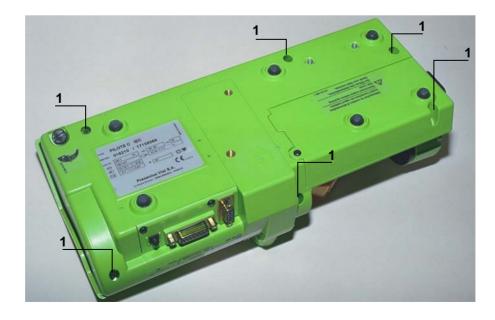
Procedure:

Access

- Turn the **Pilot** over onto the upper case.
- Unscrew the 6 Phillips head screws (ref. 1) located at the bottom of the lower case, which link this to the upper case.
- Keep the **Pilot** assembled and turn it over onto the lower case.
- Remove the upper case making sure the CPU board flat jumper is not accidentally removed in the process.

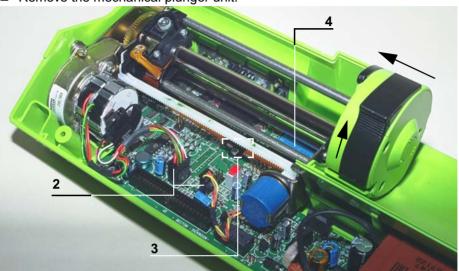


Hands must not come into contact with the CPU boards.





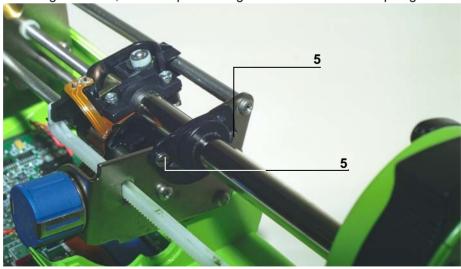
- Press the syringe pump disengagement lever towards the back of the Pilot as far as possible.
- Maintain this position and slide the whole unit to the back left.
- Remove the plunger guide.
- Disconnect the black connectors (ref. 2).
- Unscrew the flat jumper mounting lug (ref. 3) without removing it.
- Remove the mechanical plunger unit from its slot.
- Disconnect the blue connector from the flat jumper (ref. 4).
- Remove the mechanical plunger unit.



- Press the syringe pump disengagement lever towards the back of the Pilot as far as possible.
- Maintain this position and slide the whole unit to the back right.

Dismounting

- Unscrew the 2 slotted head screws (ref. 5) which link the centering ring to the mechanical end shield.
- Using the cutter, cut the input bearing and remove it from the plunger tube.





Remounting

- Mount the new slotted input bearing onto the plunger tube by twisting it.
- Laying it flat on a table, cut the O-ring using a cutter.
- Place the O-ring around the tube.
- Fit the O-ring into the centering ring slot (horizontal cut, so as to avoid lining it up with the centering ring cut).
- Mount the stainless steel slotted plate onto the pin, by twisting it.
- Place the silicone grease cord onto the plate around the passage of the pin.
- Place the plate on the input bearing.
- Position the whole assembly against the mechanical end shield and screw it on using the two slotted screws (ref. 5).
- Check the plunger slides correctly.



It should slide uniformly across the entire centering ring and slight friction is due to the Oring scraping against the tube.

Perform the regular servicing tests (see "Regular servicing sheet").



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N°14, Procedure: Flex circuit and tube kit

Safety:

For safety reasons, the technician should not carry out any maintenance when the device is connected to the 230 V mains supply voltage.

Disconnect the mains power supply cable.

Equipment required:

- 1 Posidriv Z1 screwdriver.
- 1 antistatic wriststrap.

Maintenance level:

Level 2, specialised technician (see documentation on biomedical training).

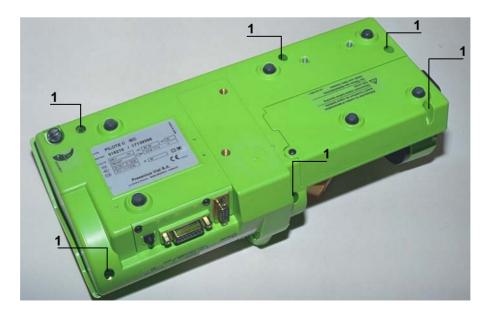
Procedure:

Access

- Turn the Pilot over onto the upper case.
- Unscrew the 6 Phillips head screws (ref. 1) located at the bottom of the lower case, which link this to the upper case.
- Keep the Pilot assembled and turn it over onto the lower case.
- Remove the upper case making sure the CPU board flat jumper is not accidentally removed in the process.
- Disconnect the CPU board flat jumper.



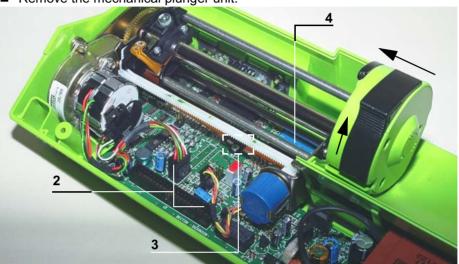
Hands must not come into contact with the CPU boards.





Dismounting

- Press the syringe pump disengagement lever towards the back of the Pilot as far as possible.
- Maintain this position and slide the whole unit to the back left.
- Remove the plunger guide.
- Disconnect the black connectors (ref. 2).
- Unscrew the flat jumper mounting lug (ref. 3) without removing it.
- Remove the mechanical plunger unit from its slot.
- Disconnect the blue connector from the flat jumper (ref. 4).
- Remove the mechanical plunger unit.

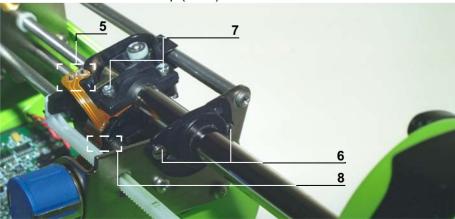


- Press the syringe pump disengagement lever towards the back of the Pilot as far as possible.
- Maintain this position and slide the whole unit to the back right.

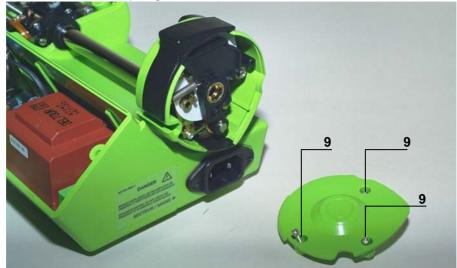


Welding and unwelding operations are carried out using a soldering iron fitted with a tip in good condition, constantly tapered and clean kept.. The temperature of the iron should be between 315°C and 340°C.

- Unweld the flex circuit (ref. 5) ensuring the disengagement switch is not damaged in the process.
- Unscrew the 2 slotted head screws (ref. 6) which link the centering ring to the mechanical end shield.
- Unscrew the 2 Phillips head screws (ref. 7) which link the centering ring to the mechanical end shield.
- Remove the flex circuit clip (ref. 8).



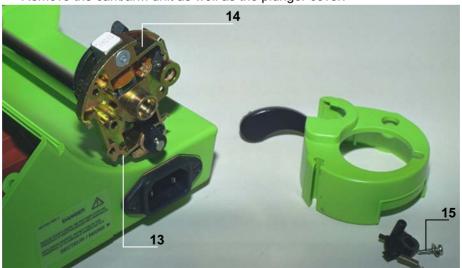
■ Unscrew the 3 Phillips head screws (ref. 9) located at the bottom of the plunger end shield which link this to the plunger cover.



- Remove the plunger end shield, the disengagement lever and its spring (ref. 10) as well as the protective plunger film (ref. 11).
- Remove the plunger cover clip (ref.12).

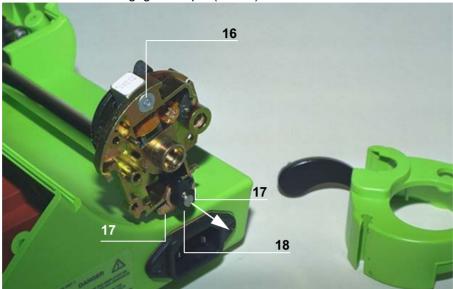


- Unscrew the 2 Phillips head screws (ref. 13 and 14) which link the plunger support to the plunger cover.
- Unscrew and remove the Phillips head screw and the washer (ref. 15) which attach the anti-siphon cam to the anti-siphon arm.
- Remove the cam/arm unit as well as the plunger cover.





- Unscrew the 6 hexagon socket screws (ref. 16) and remove the force sensor.
- Unscrew the 2 Phillips head screws (ref. 17) which attach the clamping collar to the plunger support.
- Remove the disengagement pin (ref. 18).





Welding and unwelding operations are carried out using a soldering iron fitted with a tip in good condition, constantly tapered and clean kept.. The temperature of the iron should be between 315°C and 340°C.

Unweld the sensor wires:



When dismounting the force sensor, ensure the welding blocks are not damaged and the square is not removed in the process.

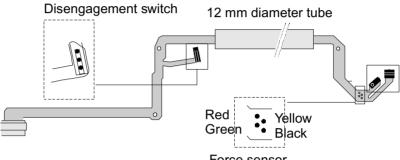
- □ Add more weld to facilitate the unwelding process.
- ☐ Heat and pull on the wires one by one.





Remounting

- Remove the sticky tape holding the flex circuit to the tube.
- Cut the part of the flex circuit which corresponds to version A2.
- Weld the disengagement microswitch to the ribbon cable at approximately 1.5 mm without flattening it against this.
- Weld the force sensor wires. Weld the wires to the new sensor, respecting the colour code.
 - □ Taper the 4 welding wires.
 - □ Weld the 4 wires.
 - □ Check that the welding has been carried out correctly. It should not form a ball, but should lie against the length of the wire.



Force sensor.

- Slide the excess wire into the force sensor oblong making sure the flex circuit is wellpositioned.
- Impregnate with weak loctite and screw the 6 hexagon socket screws (ref. 10) which attach the sensor to the plunger support.

Carry out the same procedures in reverse to remount the unit.



Do not forget to impregnate the cam/arm clamping screw (rep. 15) with weak loctite.



When fitting the upper case, ensure the joint is perfectly positioned in its slot after reassembly.

Recalibrate the force sensor (see "Calibrations") then carry out the regular servicing tests (see "Regular servicing sheet").





N°14, Procedure: Upper and lower cases

Safety:

For safety reasons, the technician should not carry out any maintenance when the device is connected to the 230 V mains supply voltage.

Disconnect the mains power supply cable.

Equipment required:

- 1 Posidriv Z1 screwdriver.
- 1 antistatic wriststrap.
- 1 soldering iron.
- "RADIEL Sn60Pb RI 1" welding wire (cleaning not required for rewelding) or equivalent.

Maintenance level:

Level 2, specialised technician (see documentation on biomedical training).

Procedure:

Access

- Turn the **Pilot** over onto the upper case.
- Unscrew the 6 Phillips head screws (ref. 1) located at the bottom of the lower case, which link this to the upper case.
- Keep the **Pilot** assembled and turn it over onto the lower case.
- Remove the upper case making sure the CPU board flat jumper is not accidentally removed in the process.
- Disconnect the CPU board flat jumper.



Hands must not come into contact with the CPU boards.



Oneration sheets



Dismounting the upper cover

- Dismount the central unit and display boards (see corresponding sheet).
- Dismount the syringe clamp (see corresponding sheet).
- Dismount the syringe detection system (see corresponding sheet).

Remounting the upper cover

- Remount the syringe detection system (see corresponding sheet).
- Remount the syringe clamp (see corresponding sheet).
- Remount the central unit and display boards (see corresponding sheet).
 - □ If the original lower case is fitted with a removable buzzer bell, you can use your "CPU and display board" kit without having to adapt it.
 - ☐ If the original lower case has a cylindrical guide for accommodating the buzzer, the buzzer from the "CPU and display board" kit must be replaced with the buzzer supplied with the spare parts as the latter is fitted with snubbers and a separate foam joint.

Follow the mounting diagram shown below to carry out this adaptation procedure.



Welding and unwelding operations are carried out using a soldering iron fitted with a tip in good condition, constantly tapered and kept clean. The temperature of the iron should be between 315°C and 340°C.

- □ Unweld the snubbers from the buzzer:
 - add more weld to facilitate the unwelding process.
 - Heat and pull on the buzzer pins one by one.



Clean the buzzer slot surfaces using a cloth soaked in rubbing alcohol.

□ Weld the snubbers of the new buzzer:



Buzzer with snubbers



Display board

- taper the 2 buzzer pins to be welded.
- place the buzzer onto the board following the mounting diagram.
- weld to buzzer onto the board.
- · check that the welding has been carried out correctly. It should not form a ball, but should lie against the length of the wire.

Continue with the remounting procedure, referring to the "central unit and display board" sheet.

Perform the regular servicing tests (see "Regular servicing sheet").



Dismounting the lower cover

- Dismount the power supply board (see corresponding sheet).
- Dismount the battery holder (see corresponding sheet).
- Dismount the rear plug support (see corresponding sheet).

Remounting the lower cover

Carry out the remounting procedure in reverse.

Perform the regular servicing tests (see "Regular servicing sheet").





7 Calibration

7.1 Calibration procedure



The calibration menu is reserved for authorised personnel only, its access is protected by a secret code.

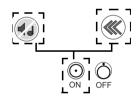
7.1.1 Calibration access

Keyboard description

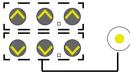
| Key | Function |
|--------|---|
| ON OFF | ON, to switch the machine ON. OFF, to switch the machine off when pressed for over three seconds. |
| | SILENCE ALARM, to access the calibration mode. |
| | CONFIRM, to validate a choice. |
| | BOLUS, to access the calibration mode. |
| | The select keys allow to scroll the figures and letters on the LCD screen, on the units, tens, tenths segments etc. |
| | |

Activate calibration

- Press the "SILENCE ALARM" and "BOLUS" keys simultaneously.
- Maintain this position while pressing "ON".
- When *E \(\mathbb{E} \)* is displayed, release the "SILENCE ALARM" and "PRIME/BOLUS" keys, then validate within three seconds by pressing the "CONFIRM" key.
- \$\mathcal{O} \mathcal{O} \mathcal{O} \mathcal{O}\$: enter the calibration mode access code using the + and select keys, and validate.
- The device initiates the £ ₺ ฅ . Ч calibration by default
- Scroll the different display unit calibration states using the "+ or -" select keys.
 - □ *E Ł R* Y: calibration of the 3 battery voltage levels.
 - \Box $\mathcal{E} \vdash \mathcal{B} \cdot \mathcal{B}$: calibration of the position sensor.
 - \Box $\mathcal{E} \vdash \mathcal{B} \cdot \mathcal{B}$: calibration of the force sensor.











7.1.2 E & R. 4 Calibration of the 3 battery voltage levels.

This menu enables the user to store the three Bat1, Bat2 and Bat3 battery voltage values in an EEPROM.

- E Ł R . Y , press "CONFIRM".
 - \Box **b d t l**: supply the device with 6.3 V \pm 0.05 using a stabilised power supply.
 - Press "CONFIRM".

The voltage is read and stored in the EEPROM.

- □ Press "CONFIRM".
- □ **b d b c** : supply the device with 5.9 V± 0.05 using a stabilised power supply.
 - Press "CONFIRM".

The voltage is read and stored in the EEPROM.

- □ Press "CONFIRM".
- \Box **b d b . 3**: supply the device with 5.7 V \pm 0.05 using a stabilised power supply.
 - Press "CONFIRM".
 The voltage is read and stored in the EEPROM.
- ☐ By validating once again, it is possible to select another calibration.

7.1.3 $\xi \xi \beta . \delta$ Calibration of the position sensor.

This menu enables users to store both high and low displacement limit values in the EEPROM.

- E Ł R . B , press "CONFIRM".
 - □ H · 9 · h : Place a spacer measuring 115 mm ± 0.05 ref. T 300940, into the fin groove.
 - · Position the plunger in contact with the spacer.
 - Keep the plunger disengaged and press "CONFIRM".
 The position value is read and stored in the EEPROM.
 - □ Press "CONFIRM".
 - □ Lou: Place a spacer measuring 20 mm ± 0.05
 - ref. T 300775, into the fin groove.
 - Position the plunger in contact with the spacer.
 - Keep the plunger disengaged and press "CONFIRM".
 The position value is read and stored in the EEPROM.



Once both high and low values have been stored in the EEPROM, the device indicates the number of LSB in decimals between the two measurement points. This value should be 776 ± 10 LSB.

- ☐ If the value is out of limits, carry out the calibration procedure once again.
- □ By validating once again, it is possible to select another calibration.







7.1.4 $\xi \xi \beta$.9 Calibration of the force sensor.

This menu enables users to store both high and low limit values in the EEPROM.

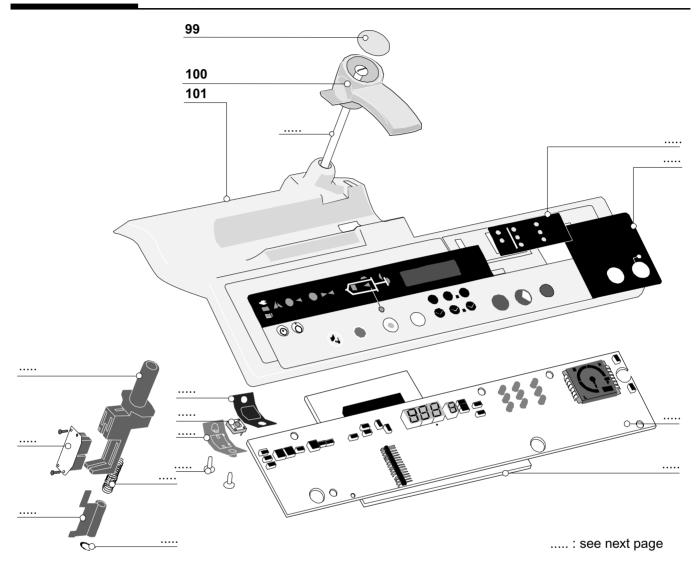
- £ Ł R . 9, press "CONFIRM".
 - \square \mathcal{G} : set the potentiometer P1 of the power supply board so that the amplitude is 0.6 V \pm 0.05 V between J9.4 and the ground J9.1 without applying stress to the plunger.
 - press "CONFIRM". The position value is stored in the EEPROM.
 - □ Press "CONFIRM".
 - $_{\Box}$ 5 F g : Apply a force of 5 Kg $\underline{\star}$ 50 g to the plunger.
 - press "CONFIRM". The position value is stored in the EEPROM.
 - □ By validating once again, it is possible to select another calibration.



Salibration



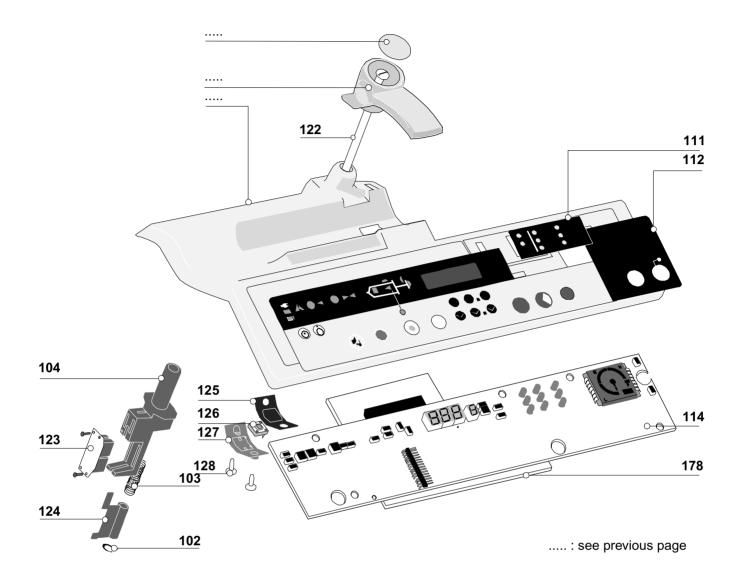
8.1 Upper case



| Mark | Qty | Reference | Name |
|------|-----|------------------|--|
| | 1 | 167246 | LCD transparent pilot window |
| | 1 | 167627 | 6 diam injected bumper |
| | 2 | 199560 | Female M3x12 hybrid spacer |
| | 1 | 167067 | PCB 500 protective film |
| | 1 | 167296 | Adhesive flat jumper protective film |
| | 1 | 167632 | Buzzer foam |
| | 1 | 167636 | Buzzer foam bell |
| 99 | 1 | 167744 | Buzzer foam bell 17.5 diam Pilot label 20/60cc syringe clamp |
| 100 | 1 | 167476 | 20/60cc syringe clamp |
| 101 | 1 | 199240 | Upper case + label C IEC Upper case + label C DIN |
| | 1 | 199241 199242 | Upper case + label C DIN Upper case + label C NC |

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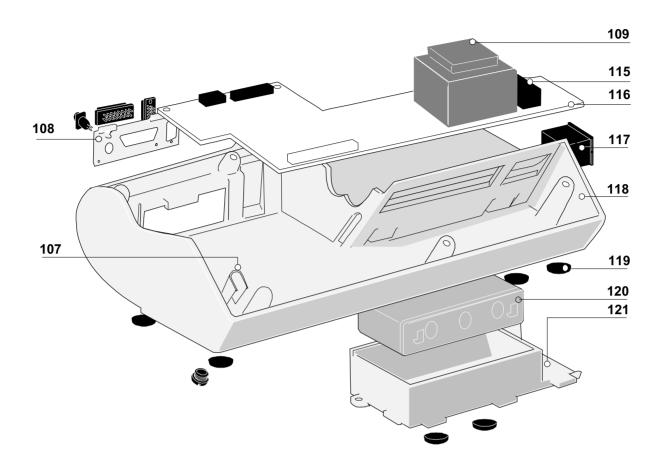
| Mark | Qty | Reference | Name |
|------|------------------|--|---|
| 102 | 1 | 167361 | 5 diam retaining ring |
| 103 | 1 | 167310 | Syringe clamp compression spring |
| 104 | 1 | 167452 | Injected PCB support (opto) |
| 111 | 1 | 167670 | Syringe list label |
| 112 | 1 1 1 1 | 167642 167650 168108 167660 167654 | C FR/CE pilot front panel C DIN pilot front panel C IS, SP, S, B, P pilot front panel C NL pilot front panel C IT pilot front panel |
| 114 | 1 | 167552 | Display board |
|) | 1 | 167715 | Keyboard (active part) |
| 122 | 1 | 167458 | Syringe clamp shaft |
| 123 | 1 | 167944 | Wired CE HE 13 pilot opto PCB + 167372 |
| 124 | 1 | 167462 | Pilot 20/60 ml obturator (not compatible with former version) |

| Mark | Qty | Reference | Name | |
|------|-----|-----------|---------------------------|--|
| 125 | 1 | | Fin Pilot Switch Seal | 1 |
| 126 | 1 | | ALPS SKHCAF switch | Mounted on the 101 kit ref. 199240 or the sub-assembly ref. 167944 |
| 127 | 1 | | Fin Pilot Switch Support | + 167372 |
| 128 | 2 | 199618 | Eco-Syn TCB 2.2 x 8 screw | |
| 178 | 1 | 167568 | CPU board | |



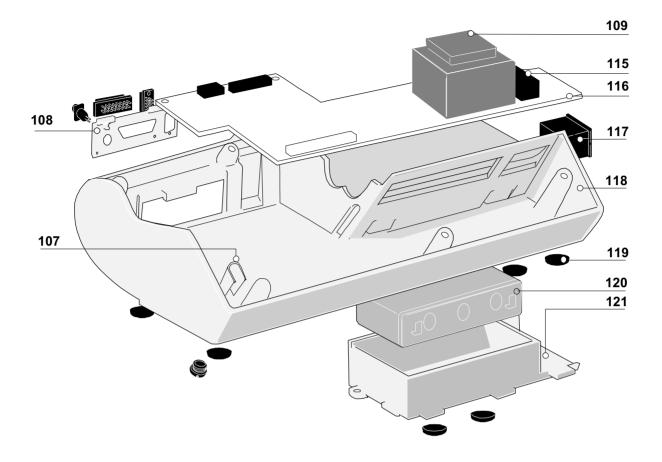


8.2 Lower case



| Mark | Qty | Reference | Name | |
|------|-----|------------------|--|-----------------------|
| | 1 | 167059 | Pilot guide rail | - |
| | 1 | 167299 | Buzzer adjustment washer | |
| | 1 | 167297 | Spring washer | |
| | 1 | 167961 | HE13 battery connector | |
| | 1 | 167122 | Injected flexible PCB flange | |
| | 1 | 167355 | Mains fibre gasket | |
| | 1 | 170416 | Mains cord | |
| 107 | 1 | 167093 | Buzzer bell | |
| 108 | 1 | 167969 | C HE 13 pilot wired plug support | |
| 109 | 1 | 177201 | Transformer | |
| | 1 | 167432 | Buzzer adjustment button | |
| 115 | 1 | 170228 | Fuse F2 | |
| 116 | 1 | 167536 | C 16 VA HE 13 pilot power supply board | _ ω |
| 117 | 1 | 167942 | Wired mains socket | ngo |
| 118 | 1 | 199200 | Lower case + label C IEC | atal |
| | 1 | 199201 | Lower case + label C DIN | S |
| | 1 | 199202 199203 | Lower case + label C NL Lower case + label C IS | par |
| 119 | 6 | 167249 | Black stop piece | Spare parts catalogue |

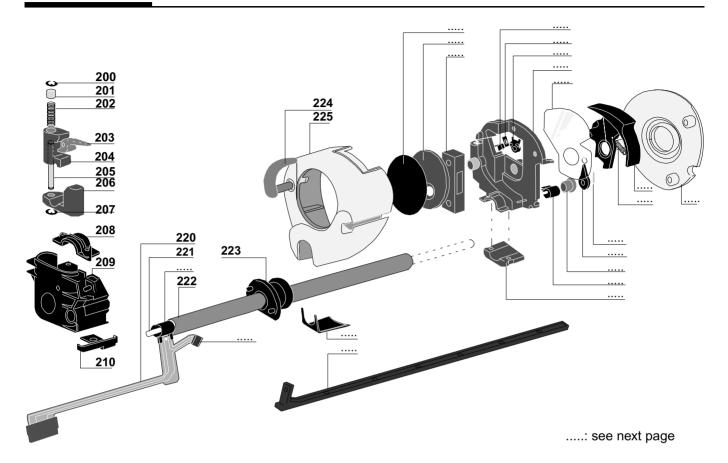
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| Mark | Qty | Reference | Name |
|------|-----|-----------|--------------------------|
| 120 | 1 | 174019 | A500 6V 1.3Ah battery |
| 121 | 1 | 199169 | Pilot battery holder kit |



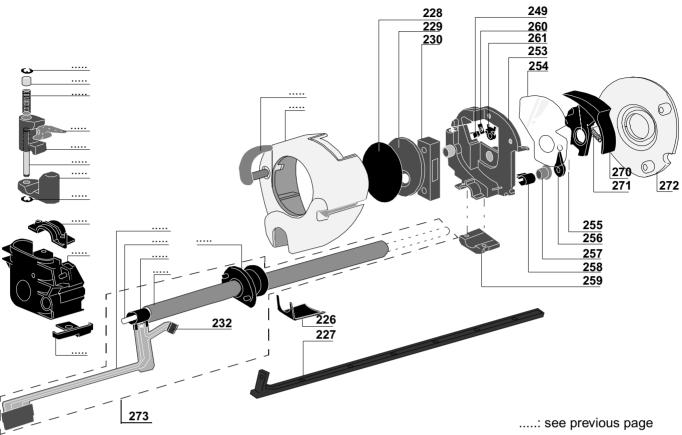
8.3 Plunger unit



| Mark | Qty | Reference | Name |
|---------|-----|----------------------------------|--|
| | 1 | 167264 | Anti-siphon spring |
| 200/207 | 2 | 167360 3.5mm diam retaining ring | |
| 201 | 1 | 167465 | Disengagement spring follower |
| 202 | 1 | 167469 | Disengagement follower |
| 203 | 1 | 167460 | Injected disengagement cam |
| 204 | 1 | 167471 | Injected upper mechanism nut |
| 205 | 1 | 167464 | Disengagement spring shaft |
| 206 | 1 | 167472 | Injected lower mechanism nut |
| 208 | 1 | 167475 | Mechanical flange |
| 209 | 1 | 167281 | Injected slug + mechanical block |
| 210 | 1 | 167275 | Flexible PCB clip |
| 220 | 1 | 167271 | Flex circuit |
| 221 | 1 | 167317 | Full disengagement shaft |
| 222 | 1 | 167292 | 12 diam tube (20/60 ml version) |
| 223 | 1 | 167403 | Slotted injected input bearing |
| | 1 | 177203 | O-ring (to put in the bearing) |
| | 1 | 177204 | Slotted injected input bearing O-ring (to put in the bearing) Stainless steel plate (to be mounted between the bearing and the end shield) |
| 224 | 1 | 167291 | Pilot anti-siphon arm |
| 225 | 1 | 199253 | Pilot anti-siphon arm Plunger kit Pilot C |

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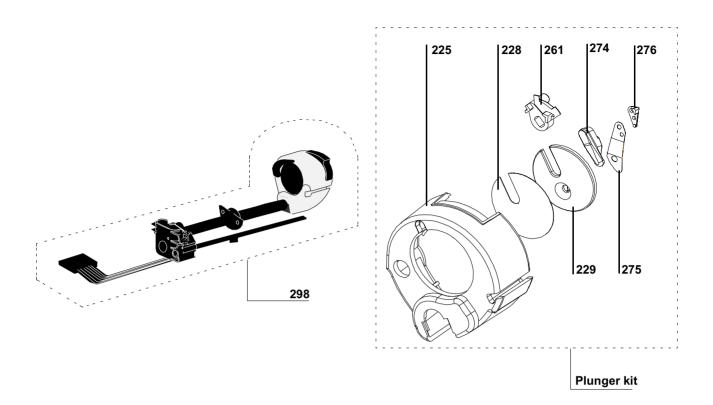




| Mark | Qty | Reference | Name |
|------|-----|-----------|--------------------------------------|
| 226 | 1 | 167259 | Plunger cover clip |
| 227 | 1 | 167442 | Injected M 0.5 rack |
| 228 | 1 | 167721 | 36 diam protective label |
| 229 | 1 | 167219 | Inj C contact plate |
| 230 | 1 | 167132 | Force sensor. |
| 232 | 1 | 173408 | OMRON micro-switch |
| 249 | 1 | 162311 | Photo switch (type RP I 131) |
| 253 | 1 | 167288 | Reduced play C D plunger support |
| 254 | 1 | 167497 | Protective plunger film |
| 255 | 1 | 167460 | Disengagement cam |
| 256 | 1 | 168231 | Disengagement finger |
| 257 | 1 | 167487 | Sintered disengagement shaft bearing |
| 258 | 2 | 167298 | Injected flexible PCB protector |
| 259 | 1 | 167272 | Injected clamping collar |
| 260 | 1 | 190714 | Retaining ring |
| 261 | 1 | 167385 | Anti-siphon cam |
| 270 | 1 | 167260 | Disengagement lever |
| 271 | 1 | 167245 | Disengagement lever spring |
| 272 | 1 | 167056 | PILOT C plunger end shield |
| 273 | 1 | 199103 | Flexible circuit + tube kit |

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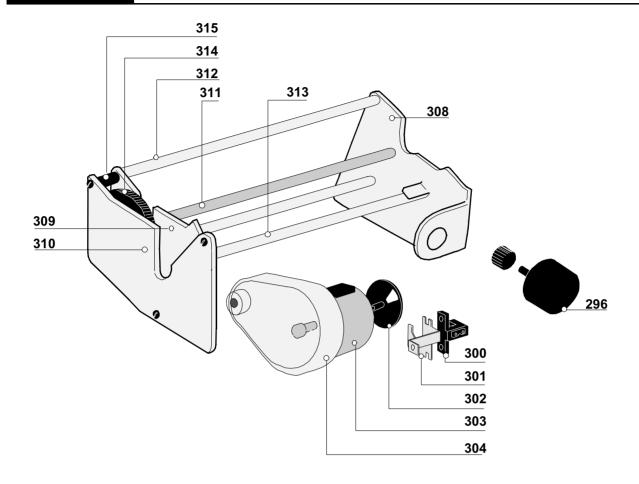
| Mark | Qty | Reference | Name | | ı |
|------|-----|-----------|------------------------------|---------------------------------|---|
| 225 | 1 | | Pilot plunger cover | | - |
| 228 | 1 | | 36 diam protective label | | |
| 229 | | | Contact plate | | |
| 229 | 1 | | Inj C contact plate | Included in the plunger 298 kit | |
| 261 | 1 | | Anti-siphon cam | ref. 199253 | |
| 274 | 1 | | Pil plunger removable bumper | | |
| 275 | 1 | | Pil plunger spring leaf | | |
| 276 | 1 | | Plate b | | |
| 298 | 1 | 199136 | Mechanical kit | | |



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8.4 Mechanical gear box



| Mark | Qty | Reference | Name |
|---------------|-----|-----------|------------------------------------|
| | 2 | 190714 | Retaining ring |
| 296 | 1 | 167963 | HE13 wired potentiometer connector |
| 300 | 1 | 167128 | Motor rotation switch |
| 301 | 1 | 167145 | Standard motor opto support |
| 302 | 1 | 167111 | Motor rotation disk |
| 300 to 304 | 1 | 167965 | Motor / Reducer |
| 304 | 1 | 167156 | Reducer |
| 308 | 1 | 167117 | Mechanical end shield |
| 309 | 1 | 167140 | Intermediate end shield |
| 310 | 1 | 167158 | Standard reducer end shield |
| 311 | 1 | 167142 | T M6 2 x 100 threaded rod |
| 312/313 | 3 | 167143 | 6 dia guide pin |
| 314 | 1 | 167144 | Pinion (64 teeth) |
| 315 | 1 | 167157 | Spacer |

Spare parts catalogue



08.4_001a_en.fm



8.5 Labels

| Mark | Qty | Reference | Name |
|------|---------------------------------|--|--|
| | 1 1 1 1 1 1 | 167838 167972 167772 167829 167775 167857 167887 167689 | Condensed instruction guide label FR/C Condensed instruction guide label DIN Condensed instruction guide label IS Condensed instruction guide label NL Condensed instruction guide label IT Condensed instruction guide label SP Conensed instruction guide label S Condensed instruction guide label S Condensed instruction guide label B, P |
| | 1 | 167892 | Door label FR/C, DIN, IS, NL, IT, SP, S, B, P |
| | 1 | 167742 | Buzzer adjustement label FR/C, DIN, IS, NL, IT, SP, S, B, P |
| | 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 | 167741 167979 167776 167811 167778 167858 167886 167692 | Danger selection label FR/C Danger selection label DIN Danger selection label IS Danger selection label NL Danger selection label IT Danger selection label SP Danger selection label S Danger selection label S Danger selection label B, P |
| | 1 1 1 | 167734 167756 167691 | Battery door label FR/C, DIN, IS, S Battery door label NL, IT, SP Battery door label B, P |
| | 1 | 171091 | Main DANGER label (inside) FR/C, DIN, IS, NL, IT, SP, S, B, P |
| | 1 1 1 1 1 1 | 167725 167978 167814 167800 167758 167897 167690 | Danger mains label (outside) FR/C, IS Danger mains label (outside) DIN Danger mains label (outside) NL Danger mains label (outside) IT Danger mains label (outside) SP Danger mains label (outside) S Danger mains label (outside) B, P |
| | 1 | 167721 | Diam. 36 pusher label FR/C, DIN, IS, NL, IT, SP, S, B, P |



Useful addresses

| SALES DEPARTMENT | | |
|---------------------|--|---|
| | Fresenius Vial Le Grand Chemin, 38590 Brézins CUSTOMER SERVICE SALES MANAGEMENT | Tel.: 00 33 (0) 4 76 67 10 81 or 00 33 (0) 4 76 67 10 54 or 00 33 (0) 4 76 67 11 08 Fax: 00 33 (0) 4 76 67 11 34 |
| | SALES MANAGEMENT | Tel.: 00 33 (0) 4 76 67 10 81 Fax: 00 33 (0) 4 76 67 11 34 |
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